SRD991 / SRD960 Intelligent Positioner with FIELDBUS communication



The intelligent positioner SRD991/SRD960 is designed to operate pneumatic valve actuators and can be operated from control systems (e.g. Foxboro I/A Series System), controllers or PC-based configuration and operation tools. The positioner is available with different communication protocols. This includes versions with analog setpoint (4...20 mA) and superimposed HART- or FoxComprotocol, digital with FoxCom-protocol, or fieldbus-communication according to PROFIBUS-PA and FOUNDATION Fieldbus H1 based on IEC 1158-2.

Features:

Auto-start with self-calibration, self diagnostics, status and diagnostic messages, communication FOUNDATION Fieldbus H1, configuration by means of local keys, PC or host systems, low air consumption, low vibration effect in all directions, stroke 8 to 120 mm (0.3 to 4.7 in), angle range up to 95°, supply air pressure up to 6 bar (90 psig), single or double-acting, mechanical travel indicator, mounting on linear actuators directly or according to IEC534, Part 6 (NAMUR), mounting on rotary actuators according to VDI/VDE 3845, protection class IP 65, explosion protection: EEx ia IIC T6 according to ATEX or "Intrinsic safety" according to FM and CSA, ExD (SRD960 only) booster relay to minimize stroke time (optional), built-in independent inductive limit switches (optional), sensors for supply air pressure and output pressure (optional), additional in-/outputs (optional): 2 binary outputs (position alarms) or position feedback 4...20 mA, 1 alarm output or 2 binary inputs.

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1 GENERAL INFORMATION

This instruction manual contains operating information for the SRD991 and SRD960 Intelligent Positioner using the FIELDBUS FOUNDATION[™] technology to interconnect with other devices.

Fieldbus is an all digital, serial two-way communication system, a Local Area Network (LAN) for instruments with built-in capability to distribute control application across the network. This two-wire connection is used for power supply and digital communication in parallel.

The fieldbus allows multiple variables from each device to be brought into the control system for archival, trend analysis, process optimization and report generation.

The SRD991/SRD960 is a Link Master device with the capability to become a Link Active Scheduler (LAS). A LAS initiates scheduled communication, publishing data to all devices on the fieldbus. Scheduled data are typically used for regular, cyclic transfer of control loop data between devices.

A Fieldbus may have multiple Link Masters. If the current LAS fail, one of the remaining Link Masters will become the LAS and operation of the Fieldbus will continue.

Unscheduled communication is possible for all devices, after the LAS grants permission to a device.

A SRD991/SRD960 consists of two Virtual Field Devices (VFD). One VFD is used for Network Management and System Management, the other for User Application. Network Management includes Virtual Communication Relationships (VCR), dynamic variables, statistics, and LAS schedules, if the device is a Link Master. System Management includes device tag and address information, and schedules for function block execution.

The device functions, which are determined by the arrangement and interconnection of blocks, are made visible to the fieldbus communication system through the User Application Virtual Field Device.

The SRD991/SRD960 intelligent positioner provides

- 1 Resource Block,
- 1 Analog Output Block,
- 1 Transducer Block,
- 1 PID Block.

In addition the User Application VFD consists of the following objects:

- Link Objects, where links between Function Block inputs and outputs are defined (internal to the device and across the network);
- Trend Objects, to allow hosts or other devices access to local trending of function block parameters;
- Alert Objects, to allow reporting of alarms and events on the fieldbus;
- View Objects, where predefined block parameter sets are grouped to be used by human/machine interfaces.

The SRD991/SRD960 Intelligent Positioner contains

- Up to 22 Link Objects,
- Up to 10 Floating Point Trend Objects,
- 1 Discrete Trend Object,
- 1 Float Alert Object,
- 1 Discrete Alert Object,
- 1 Update Event Alert Object,
- 4 View Objects for the Resource Block,
- 4 View Objects for the Analog Output Block,
- 4 View Objects for the PID Block,
- 7 View Objects for the Transducer Block (the fourth View Object is divided into 3 views).

It contains no Domain and Program Invocation Objects and no Action Object.

1.1 Device Address Assignment

Every fieldbus device must have a unique network address and physical device tag for the fieldbus to operate properly.

When a SRD991/SRD960 Intelligent Positioner is shipped from the factory, it is programmed with a unique Physical Device Tag and a unique Device Identification and a default permanent address.

Name	Value
Device Identification	3858842401SRD991\$ <yy nnnnnn=""> or 3858842481SRD960\$<yy nnnnnn=""></yy></yy>
Physical Device Tag	SRD991\$ <yy nnnnn=""> or SRD960\$<yy nnnnn=""></yy></yy>
Node Address	29

Table 1: system management identification data

<yy/nnnnn> = Fabrication number (for example: 93/123456).

Because all of these three parameters are set, the SRD991/SRD960 system management starts in state SM_OPERATIONAL. To become fully operational, it may be necessary to do further network communication configurations, depending on the host system or the actual network application.

If the station cannot use the assigned node address because this address is already used by another device, it is assigned one of the default addresses (0xF8..0xFF) and the state is set to INITIALIZED. In this state no other services are available except assigning a node address, clearing the physical device tag and identifying the device.

If only Device Identification is set, system management starts in state UNINITIALIZED. In this state no other services but identifying the device and configuring the device with a physical device tag are available.

1.2 Supported Services

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The intelligent positioner SRD991/SRD960 Fieldbus supports the following services:

Service	Туре	
Variable Access	Read Write Information Report	
Event Management	Event Notification Event Notification with Type Acknowledge Event Notification	
Context Management	Initiate Abort Reject	
OD-Management	Get OD	
VFD Status	Status Unsolicited Status Identify	

 Table 2: Supported Fieldbus Services

For a detailed description of system management services and procedures see Fieldbus specification FF-880.

1.3 Block Modes

Commissioning a SRD991/SRD960 requires to modify some parameters in the Resource, Analog Output, and Transducer Block. A MODE parameter, which exists in every Block, determines the operating behavior of each block. The MODE parameter has 4 components:

- Target mode the mode(s) set by the operator; multiple target modes can be set. Only modes from those allowed by the permitted modes may be requested.
- Actual mode the current mode of the block. The value may differ from the target mode based on
 operating conditions.
- Permitted mode defines the modes which are allowed for a block.
- Normal mode This is the mode for a block under normal operating conditions. The normal mode is set by the configurator, but can only be set to a permitted mode.

Some parameters are only allowed to change, if the Block Mode (target or actual mode) has a specific value. The requirements to change a parameter are listed in the description of all parameters later in this manual (chapter 3.13).

Foundation Fieldbus has defined the following target modes:

Table 5: Target block would

Bit	Meaning	Priority
0 (LSB)	Remote-Output (ROUT)	0 - lowest
1	Remote-Cascade (RCAS)	1
2	Cascade (CAS)	2
3	Automatic (AUTO)	3
4	Manual (MAN)	4
5	Local Override (LO)	5
6	Initialization Manual (IMAN)	6
7 (MSB)	Out of Service (OOS)	7 - highest

The "automatic" modes are AUTO, CAS, and RCAS. The "manual" modes are IMAN, LO, MAN and ROUT. In OOS mode the normal algorithm is no longer executed and any outstanding alarms are cleared.

2 INITIAL SETUP

2.1 Procedure for installing device description files

The Fieldbus Foundation has specified a Device Description (DD) to achieve interoperability between devices from various manufacturers. The DD describes all the information available at the fieldbus interface. The DD is available in the standard fieldbus binary format and contains the following set of files for SRD991 and another set for SRD960:

0902.FFO 0902.SYM.

Every fieldbus host application, which uses Device Description Services (DDS), is able to get information about a device description.

The file 090201.CFF is a common format file for use in configuring and maintaining devices and their function block applications. This is a human-readable document in plain text format.

The device description files need to be stored in the appropriate directories. It depends on the host system where the "device data" directory is. Sub-directories are organized in the following form:

ManufacturerID

| DeviceType | DeviceRevDDRev.FFO DeviceRevDDRev.SYM DeviceRevDDRevCFFRev.CFF ManufacturerID = 385884 (hexadecimal)DeviceType= 2401 (hexadecimal) for SRD991 or 2481 (hexadecimal) for SRD960DeviceRev= 09DDRev= 02CFFRev= 01

After installing the SRD9xx device description files the directory structure is as follows:

Please note that even if the file names are identical for device types 2401 and 2481, their contents is different.

Because the SRD9xx complies with Interoperability Test Kit Version 4, please verify that the standard text dictionary file STANDARD.DCT has at least version 1.32. Older versions cannot read the resource block descriptions correctly.

You can download the latest device description files from our website

http://www.foxboro-eckardt.de/products/srd991_en.html or http://www.foxboro-eckardt.de/products/srd960_en.html.

2.2 Commissioning

Before beginning the initial setup, the positioner should be correctly mounted and electrically ready for operation as described in MI EVE0105 A-(en). The safety regulations must be observed, as described in MI EVE0105 A-(en) in Chap. 10!

The positioner is preset with default parameters by the manufacturer, and instrument-specific data are permanently stored. The internal temperature sensor and the position sensor angle are calibrated.

During first commissioning an autostart must be performed. For the automatic determination of the operation range perform a SHORT AUTOSTART. For automatic determination of the operation range and the control parameters execute AUTOSTART.

Before initiating an AUTOSTART, at least the following parameters have to be set to their correct values:

able 4. I reset I at anicerty for Autostart			
Parameter Label	Parameter Name	Description	
VALVE_ACT Actuator Type		1 = single-acting	
		2 = double-acting	
POSITION_LINEARIZATION Position linearization		2 = linear actuator (sliding stem), left mounted	
		3 = rotary actuator, opening counterclockwise	
		6 = linear actuator (sliding stem), right mounted	
		7 = rotary actuator, opening clockwise	

Table 4: Preset Parameters for Autostart

The manufacturer has set VALVE_ACT to its correct value, POSITION_LINEARIZATION is set to 2 by default, which means linear actuator (sliding stem), left mounted.

Changing these values can be done by means of local keys as described in MI EVE0105 A-(en) or by using a configuration tool (for example NI-FBUS-Configurator System) and write the desired values to these parameters, which are located in the Transducer Block.

During the first commissioning the user-specific data must be entered. These are described in chapters 4 and 5 later in this manual. If no entry is made, the default parameters are retained.

Note

The Resource Block Mode must be OUT OF SERVICE before executing AUTOSTART.

CAUTION

This function automatically opens and closes the valve. It will override the previous control parameters in case of performing an AUTOSTART!

Initiating an Autostart can be done in three different ways:

- By means of local keys as described in MI EVE0105 A-(en);
- Using a configuration tool and write to the parameter SELF_CAL_CMD in the Transducer Block. In case of SHORT AUTOSTART the value to be written is 2, in case of AUTOSTART the value to be written is 3.
- Use the provided transducer methods SHORT AUTOSTART or AUTOSTART, which are located in the Transducer function block tab of NI-FBUS-Configurator System.

You can monitor the state of the procedure by watching the LED on the device or look at the value of the parameter STAT_AUTOINIT in the Transducer Block. Flashing of LED is described in MI EVE0105 A-(en). If you have initiated an Autostart with a method, a new window will be opened and you will get information about the course of it.

The following values are defined for parameter STAT_AUTOINIT:

0x10 to 0x11	finding end positions
0x20 to 0x2F	calculating I/P-converter parameters
0x30 to 0x3F	calculating control parameters (Autostart only)
0x40 to 0x42	measuring travel time (Autostart only)
0x01	Autostart error

When the value of the parameter STAT_AUTOINIT is set to ZERO the Autostart is completed.

Note

The Autostart procedure may take several minutes.

After performing a SHORT AUTOSTART, or if the AUTOSTART procedure is aborted prematurely after determining the operating range, the control parameters must be determined and entered manually. Please refer to the Control Parameters section 4.2 for details.

The Autostart function will change the values of the following parameters:

ACT_STROKE_TIME_INC, ACT_STROKE_TIME_DEC, ADC_GAIN, MOTOR_PAR, SPRING_ACT, POWER_UP_ACT, STAT_AUTOINIT, SERVO_GAIN, SERVO_RATE, SERVO_RESET, SERVO_GAIN2, SERVO_RATE2, SERVO_RESET2.

Recommendations for the very first commissioning:

After entering user-specific data and downloading a schedule switch resource and analog output block mode to AUTO and write a value to parameter SP of the analog output block (this will automatically set the value of SP status to GOOD). The valve should move to the desired position. This can be verified by viewing the values of parameters FINAL_POSITION_VALUE (transducer block) or READBACK (analog output block). If analog output target block mode CAS is requested now, the analog output block actual mode will change to this state then.

Please refer to chapter 5 (Configuration Procedure using a Fieldbus Host) for configuration details, if you use a National Instruments configuration system tool.

3 DATA STRUCTURES

The intelligent positioner SRD991/SRD960 has an internal database with data accessable via Parameter Numbers, Parameter Names or Device Description-Items. The data belong to the user application Virtual Field Device. They are according to Foundation Fieldbus Standard Function Blocks (Resource, Analog Output, PID Block) with additional manufacturer specific extensions and Foundation Fieldbus Transducer Block called Standard Advanced Positioner Valve Basic Device Access with additional manufacturer specific extensions. It is called the Object Dictionary Directory Object.

Index	Relative Index	Parameter Label	Parameter Name
000	-	-	Object Dictionary Object Description
001255	-	-	Data types and data structures defined by Foundation Fieldbus
256260	-	-	Data structures defined by the manufacturer
261	-	-	Application Process Directory Header
	•	Resource Block	
		Standard Parameter	
262	1	BLK_DATA	Resource Block Object
263	2	ST_REV	Static Revision
264	3	TAG_DESC	Tag Description
265	4	STRATEGY	Strategy
266	5	ALERT_KEY	Alert Key
267	6	MODE_BLK	Resource Block Modes
268	7	BLOCK_ERR	Block Error
269	8	RS_STATE	Resource State
270	9	TEST_RW	Read/Write Test Structure
271	10	DD_RESOURCE	Device Description Resource
272	11	MANUFAC_ID	Manufacturer Identification Number
273	12	DEV_TYPE	Device Type
274	13	DEV_REV	Device Revision
275	14	DD_REV	Device Description Revision
276	15	GRANT_DENY	Grant/Deny Permission
277	16	HARD_TYPES	Hardware Type
278	17	RESTART	Restart
279	18	FEATURES	Features
280	19	FEATURES_SEL	Selected Features
281	20	CYCLE_TYPE	Cycle Types
282	21	CYCLE_SEL	Selected Cycle Type
283	22	MIN_CYCLE_T	Minimum Cycle Time
284	23	MEMORY_SIZE	Memory Size
285	24	NV_CYCLE_T	Minimum Non-volatile Cycle Time

Table 5: Object Dictionary Directory Object

Index	Relative Index	Parameter Label	Parameter Name
286	25	FREE_SPACE	Free Space
287	26	FREE_TIME	Free Time
288	27	SHED_RCAS	Shedding RCAS Timeout
289	28	SHED_ROUT	Shedding ROUT Timeout
290	29	FAULT_STATE	Fault State
291	30	SET_FSTATE	Set Fault State
292	31	CLR_FSTATE	Clear Fault State
293	32	MAX_NOTIFY	Maximum Notify Messages
294	33	LIM_NOTIFY	Maximum Alert Messages
295	34	CONFIRM_TIME	Confirmation Time
296	35	WRITE_LOCK	Write Lock
297	36	UPDATE_EVT	Update Event
298	37	BLOCK_ALM	Block Alarm
299	38	ALARM_SUM	Alarm Summary
300	39	ACK_OPTION	Alarm Acknowledge Option
301	40	WRITE_PRI	Write Priority
302	41	WRITE_ALM	Write Lock Alarm
303	42	ITK_VER	ITK Version
	Man	ufacturer Specific Resource Bloc	k Parameter
304	43	TARGET_ERROR	Resource Target Error
305	44	DIAGNOSIS	Diagnosis Array
306	45	RESET_HIST_STATUS	Reset historical status in Diagnosis
307	43	SOFTWARE_REVISION	Software Revision
308	44	HARDWARE_REVISION	Hardware Revision
309	46	MESSAGE_1	Message 1
310	47	MESSAGE_2	Message 2
311	48	MESSAGE_3	Message 3
312	49	MESSAGE_4	Message 4
313	50	MESSAGE_5	Message 5
314	51	DEVICE_OPTIONS	Device Options
315	52	MODELCODE	Model Code
316	53	DEVOCE_SER_NUM	Device Serial Number
317	54	LOCAL_OP_ENA_	Local Operation Enable
318319	-	Unused/reserved	-
Analog Output Block			
000		Standard Parameter	
320	1	BLK_DATA	Analog Output Block Object
321	2	SI_REV	
322	3	TAG_DESC	
323	4		Strategy
324	5		Alert Key
<u>3∠5</u>	0		Resource DIOCK MODES
320	1		Broose Veriable
<u>२२१</u>	0		Analog Sotopint
<u></u> వ∠ర ని20	9 10		
323 320	10		
321	10		Brocess Variable Scaling
332	12		
332	14	GRANT DENY	Grant/Deny Permission
334	15		
007	10	01.02	

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Index	Relative Index	Parameter Label	Parameter Name
335	16	STATUS_OPTS	Status Options
336	17	READBACK	Readback
337	18	CAS_IN	Cascaded Input
338	19	SP_RATE_DN	Setpoint Rate Down
339	20	SP_RATE_UP	Setpoint Rate Up
340	21	SP_HI_LIM	Setpoint High Limit
341	22	SP_LO_LIM	Setpoint Low Limit
342	23	CHANNEL	Channel Number
343	24	FSTATE_TIME	Fault State Time
344	25	FSTATE_VAL	Fault State Value
345	26	BKCAL_OUT	Back Calculation Out
346	27	RCAS_IN	Remote Cascaded Input
347	28	SHED_OPT	Shedding Options
348	29	RCAS_OUT	Remote Cascaded Output
349	30	UPDATE_EVT	Update Event
350	31	BLOCK_ALM	Block Alarm
	Manufa	acturer Specific Analog Output Bl	ock Parameter
351	32	POS_VALVE_HI_ALARM	Valve Position High Alarm Value
352	33	POS_VALVE_HIHI_ALARM	Valve Position High High Alarm Value
353	34	POS_VALVE_LO_ALARM	Valve Position Low Alarm Value
354	35	POS_VALVE_LOLO_ALARM	Valve Position Low Low Alarm Value
355	36	BININ_CONFIG	Binary Input Configuration
356	37	BININ_STAT	Binary Input Status
357	38	BINOUT1_CONFIG	Binary Output Channel 1 Configuration
358	39	BINOUT2_CONFIG	Binary Output Channel 2 Configuration
359	40	SENSOR1_VALUE	Pressure Sensor 1 Value
360	41	SENSOR1_UNITS	Sensor 1 Engineering Units
361	42	SENSOR2_VALUE	Pressure Sensor 2 Value
362	43	SENSOR2_UNITS	Sensor 2 Engineering Units
363	44	SENSOR3_VALUE	Pressure Sensor 3 Value
364	45	SENSOR3_UNITS	Sensor 3 Engineering Units
365	46	CONTROL_DIFFERENCE	Control Difference
366	47	CONTROL_DIFF_LIMIT	Control Difference Limit
367	48	CONTROL_DIFF_TIME	Control Difference Time
368	49	INPUT_CURRENT	Input Current Consumption
369379	-	Unused/reserved	-
Transducer Blo		ock (Standard Advanced Positione	er Valve Basic Access)
		Standard Parameter	
380	1	BLK_DATA	Transducer Block Object
381	2	ST_REV	Static Revision
382	3	TAG_DESC	Tag description
383	4	STRATEGY	Strategy
384	5	ALERT_KEY	Alert Key
385	6	MODE_BLK	Resource Block Modes
386	7	BLOCK_ERR	Block Error
387	8	UPDATE_EVT	Update Event
388	9	BLOCK_ALM	Block Alarm
389	10	TRANSDUCER_DIRECTORY	Transducer Directory
390	11	TRANSDUCER_TYPE	Transducer Type
391	12	XD_ERROR	Transducer Error
392	13	COLLECTION_DIRECTORY	Collection Directory
393	14	FINAL_VALUE	Final Value

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Index	Relative Index	Parameter Label	Parameter Name
394	15	FINAL_VALUE_RANGE	Final Value Range
395	16	FINAL_VALUE_CUTOFF_HI	Final Value Cutoff High
396	17	FINAL_VALUE_CUTOFF_LO	Final Value Cutoff Low
397	18	FINAL_POSITION_VALUE	Final Position Value
398	19	SERVO_GAIN	Servo Gain
399	20	SERVO_RESET	Servo Reset
400	21	SERVO_RATE	Servo Rate
401	22	ACT_FAIL_ACTION	Actuator Failure Action
402	23	ACT_MAN_ID	Actuator Manufacturer Identification Number
403	24	ACT_MODEL_NUM	Actuator Model Number
404	25	ACT_SN	Actuator Serial Number
405	26	VALVE_MAN_ID	Valve Manufacturer Identification Number
406	27	VALVE_MODEL_NUM	Valve Model Number
407	28	VALVE_SN	Valve Serial Number
408	29	VALVE_TYPE	Valve Type
409	30	XD_CAL_LOC	Device Calibration Location
410	31	XD_CAL_DATE	Device Calibration Date
411	32	XD_CAL_WHO	Device Calibration Person
	Manu	facturer Specific Transducer Blo	ck Parameter
412	33	TARGET_ERROR	Transducer Target Error
413	34	INST_MODE	Instrument Mode
414	35	VALVE_ACT	Actuator Type
415	36	POSITION_LINEARIZATION	Position Linearization
416	37	LIN_TYPE	Linearization Type
417	38	SELF_CALIB_CMD	Self-Calibration Command
418	39	STAT_AUTOINIT	Status Auto Initialization
419	40	POWER_UP_ACTION	Power-up Action
420	41	CONTROL_ALGORITHM	Control Algorithm
421	42	SERVO_GAIN2	Servo Gain 2
422	43	SERVO_RESET2	Servo Reset 2
423	44	SERVO_RATE2	Servo Rate 2
424	45	CONTROL_GAP	Control Gap
425	46	TRAV_INC_LIM	Travel Rate Increasing Limit Time
426	47	TRAV_DEC_LIM	Travel Rate Decreasing Limit Time
427	48	CUTOFF_HYSTERESIS	Cutoff Hysteresis
428	49	ALARM_HYSTERESIS	Alarm Hysteresis
429	50	ELECTRONICS_TEMP	Electronics Temperature
430	51	ELECTRONICS_TEMP_UNITS	Electronics Temperature Units
431	52	ELECTRONICS_TEMP_LL	Electronics Temperature Lower Limit
432	53	ELECTRONICS_TEMP_UL	Electronics Temperature Upper Limit
433	54	LOW_PRESSURE_LIMIT	Air Supply Pressure Lower Limit
434	55	CYCLE_COUNT	Cycle Counter
435	56	CYCLE_COUNT_LIMIT	Cycle Count Limit
436	57	TRAVEL_SUM	Travel Sum
437	58	TRAVEL_SUM_LIMIT	Travel Sum Limit
438	59	TRAVEL_SUM_DEADBAND	Travel Sum Deadband
439	60	TRAVEL_POS	Travel Position
440	61	TRAVEL_POS_UNITS	Travel Position Units
441	62	TRAVEL_SPAN	Travel Span
442	63	POS_ENDPOINT_LOW	Lower Position Endpoint
443	64	POS_ENDPOINT_HIGH	Upper Position Endpoint
444	65	SPRING_ACT	Actuator Spring Effect

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Index	Relative Index	Parameter Label	Parameter Name
445	66	MOTOR_PAR	I/P-Motor Parameter
446	67	ADC_GAIN	A/D-Converter Gain
447	68	ACT_STROKE_TIME_DEC	Decreasing Actuator Stroke Time
448	69	ACT_STROKE_TIME_INC	Increasing Actuator Stroke Time
449	70	ANALOG_OUTPUT	Analog Output Value
450	71	FX_CMD	Factory Command
451	72	FX_RSP	Factory Response
452	73	TAB_ENTRY	Table entry
453	74	TAB_MIN_NUMBER	Table Minimum Number
454	75	TAB_MAX_NUMBER	Table Maximum Number
455	76	TAB_ACTUAL_NUMBER	Table Actual Number
456	77	TAB_OP_CODE	Table Operation Code
457	78	TAB_STATUS	Table Status
458	79	TAB_XY_VALUE_0	Table Variate pair 0
459	80	TAB_XY_VALUE_1	Table Variate pair 1
460	81	TAB_XY_VALUE_2	Table Variate pair 2
461	82	TAB_XY_VALUE_3	Table Variate pair 3
462	83	TAB_XY_VALUE_4	Table Variate pair 4
463	84	TAB_XY_VALUE_5	Table Variate pair 5
464	85	TAB_XY_VALUE_6	Table Variate pair 6
465	86	TAB_XY_VALUE_7	Table Variate pair 7
466	87	TAB_XY_VALUE_8	Table Variate pair 8
467	88	TAB_XY_VALUE_9	Table Variate pair 9
468	89	TAB_XY_VALUE_10	Table Variate pair 10
469	90	TAB_XY_VALUE_11	Table Variate pair 11
470	91	TAB_XY_VALUE_12	Table Variate pair 12
471	92	TAB_XY_VALUE_13	Table Variate pair 13
472	93	TAB_XY_VALUE_14	Table Variate pair 14
473	94	TAB_XY_VALUE_15	Table Variate pair 15
474	95	TAB_XY_VALUE_16	Table Variate pair 16
475	96	TAB_XY_VALUE_17	Table Variate pair 17
476	97	TAB_XY_VALUE_18	Table Variate pair 18
477	98	TAB_XY_VALUE_19	Table Variate pair 19
478	99	TAB_XY_VALUE_20	Table Variate pair 20
479	100	TAB_XY_VALUE_21	Table Variate pair 21
480489	-	Unused/reserved	-
		PID Block	
		Standard Parameter	
490	1	BLK_DATA	PID Block Object
491	2	ST_REV	Static Revision
492	3	TAG_DESC	Tag Description
493	4	STRATEGY	Strategy
494	5	ALERT_KEY	Alert Key
495	6	MODE_BLK	Resource Block Modes
496	7	BLOCK_ERR	Block Error
497	8	PV	Process Variable Value and Status
498	9	SP	Setpoint Value and Status
499	10	OUT	OUT Value and Status
500	11	PV_SCALE	Process Variable Scaling
501	12	OUT_SCALE	OUT Scaling
502	13	GRANT_DENY	Grant/Deny Permission
503	14	CONTROL_OPTS	Control Options

Index	Relative Index	Parameter Label	Parameter Name
504	15	STATUS_OPTS	Status Options
505	16	IN	Primary Input Value and Status
506	17	PV_FTIME	PV Filter Time Constant
507	18	BYPASS	Bypass normal algorithm
508	19	CAS_IN	Cascade Input
509	20	SP_RATE_DN	Setpoint Rate Up
510	21	SP_RATE_UP	Setpoint Rate Down
511	22	SP_HI_LIM	Setpoint High Limit
512	23	SP_LO_LIM	Setpoint Low Limit
513	24	GAIN	Gain (P)
514	25	RESET	Reset (integral time constant I)
515	26	BAL_TIME	Balance Time
516	27	RATE	Rate (derivative time constant D)
517	28	BK_CAL_IN	Back Calculation Input
518	29	OUT_HI_LIM	Output High Limit
519	30	OUT_LO_LIM	Output Low Limit
520	31	BKCAL_HYS	Back Calculation Hysteresis
521	32	BKCAL_OUT	Back Calculation Output
522	33	RCAS_IN	Remote Cascade Input
523	34	ROUT_IN	ROUT Mode Input
524	35	SHED_OPT	Shedding Options
525	36	RCAS_OUT	Remote Cascade Output
526	37	ROUT_OUT	ROUT Mode Output
527	38	TRK_SCALE	Track Scaling
528	39	TRK_IN	Tack Input
529	40	TRK_VAL	Track Value
530	41	FF_VAL	Feed Forward Value
531	42	FF_SCALE	Feed Forward Scaling
532	43	FF_GAIN	Feed Forward Gain
533	44	UPDATE_EVT	Update Event
534	45	BLOCK_ALM	Block Alarm
535	46	ALARM_SUM	Alarm Summary
536	47	ACK_OPTION	Acknowledge Options
537	48	ALARM_HYS	Alarm Hysteresis
538	49	HI_HI_PRI	High High Alarm Priority
539	50	HI_HI_LIM	High High Alarm Limit
540	51	HI_PRI	High Alarm Priority
541	52	HI_LIM	High Alarm Limit
542	53	LO_PRI	Low Alarm Priority
543	54	LO_LIM	Low Alarm Limit
544	55	LO_LO_PRI	Low Low Alarm Priority
545	56	LO_LO_LIM	Low Low Alarm Limit
546	57	DV_HI_PRI	Deviation High Alarm Priority
547	58	DV_HI_LIM	Deviation High Alarm Limit
548	59	DV_LO_PRI	Deviation Low Alarm Priority
549	60	DV_LO_LIM	Deviation Low Alarm Limit
550	61	HI_HI_ALM	High High Alarm
551	62	HI_ALM	High Alarm
552	63	LO_ALM	Low Alarm
553	64	LO_LO_ALM	Low Low Alarm
554	65	DV_HI_ALM	Deviation High Alarm
555	66	DV_LO_ALM	Deviation Low Alarm
556559		Unused/reserved	

Index	Relative Index	Parameter Label	Parameter Name					
Link Objects								
		Standard Parameter						
560581 - FB_LINK01FB_LINK22 Function Block Link Objects 1 to 22								
	Alert Objects							
		Standard Parameter						
590	-	ALERT_FLT01	Float Alert Object					
591	-	ALERT_DSC01	Discrete Alert Object					
592	-	ALERT_EVT01	Update Event Alert Object					
593599	-	Unused/reserved	-					
		Trend Objects						
		Standard Parameter						
600609	-	TREND_FLT0110	Float Trend Object 110					
610	-	TREND_DSC01	Discrete Trend Object 1					
611619	-	Unused/reserved						
		View Objects						
		Standard Parameter						
620	-	VIEW_1	Resource Block View 1					
621	-	VIEW_2	Resource Block View 2					
622	-	VIEW_3	Resource Block View 3					
623	-	VIEW_4	Resource Block View 4					
624629	-	Unused/reserved	-					
630	-	VIEW_1	Analog Output Block View 1					
631	-	VIEW_2	Analog Output Block View 2					
632	-	VIEW_3	Analog Output Block View 3					
633	-	VIEW_4	Analog Output Block View 4					
634639	-	Unused/reserved	-					
640	-	VIEW_1	Transducer Block View 1					
641	-	VIEW_2	Transducer Block View 2					
642	-	VIEW_3	Transducer Block View 3					
643	-	VIEW_4	First Transducer Block View 4					
644	-	VIEW_4	Second Transducer Block View 4					
645	-	VIEW_4	Third Transducer Block View 4					
646649	-	Unused/reserved	-					
650	-	VIEW_1	PID Block View 1					
651	-	VIEW_2	PID Block View 2					
652	-	VIEW_3	PID Block View 3					
653	-	VIEW_4	PID Block View 4					

3.1 Parameter Description

Table Legend:

- Store: S: Static. The parameter must be stored non-volatile in EEPROM. Changing of the parameter increases the static revision counter.
 - N: Non-volatile parameter stored in EEPROM. Changing of the parameter does not increase the static revision counter.
 - D: Dynamic. The parameter is dynamic and is calculated or changed by the block. It is stored only in RAM.
- Access: ro Read only
 - rw Read- and writable

Table 6: Parameter Description

Parameter Name	Description	Index	Rel- Index	Store/ Access	FF Data Type and Range	Default
	Re	source B	lock		_	
ACK_OPTION	Selection of alarms which will be automatically acknowledged	300	39	S / rw	Bit String; Set Bit 0: writes have been disabled 7: Block alarm	0
ALARM_SUM	Current alert status	299	38	SD / rw	DS-74 data structure: current alarms, unacknowledged, unreported, disabled	0,0,0,0
					Set Bit 0: writes have been disabled 7: Block alarm	
					Zero (0) state indicates alarm clear, acknowledged, reported, enabled	
ALERT_KEY	Identification number of the plant. This information may be used in the host system for sorting alarms etc.	266	5	S / rw	Unsigned8: 1 to 255	0

Parameter Name	Description	Index	Rel- Index	Store/ Access	FF Data Type and Range	Default
BLK_DATA	Resource Block Object	262	1	S / rw	DS-64 data structure: See chapter 3.5	See chapter 3.5
BLOCK_ALM	Block alarm for all configuration, hardware, connection failure or system problems	298	37	D / rw	DS-72 data structure: - unacknowledged - update state - time stamp - sub-code - value	0,0,0,0,0
BLOCK_ERR	Block error(s)	268	7	D / ro	Bit String; Set Bit 0: Other (LSB) 1: Block Configuration Error 2: Link Configuration Error 3: Simulate active 4: Local Override 5: Device Fault State set 6: Device needs maintenance soon 7: Input failure / process variable has BAD status 8: Output failure 9: Memory failure 10: Lost static data 11: Lost NV data 12: Readback check failed 13: Device needs maintenance now 14: Power-up 15: Out-of-Service	0
CLR_FSTATE	Clear the device fault state if field condition has cleared	292	31	D / rw	Unsigned8: 1 = Off 2 = Set	0
CONFIRM_TIME	Maximum time the resource will wait for confirmation of receipt of a report before trying again	295	34	S / rw	Unsigned32: Unit 1/32 msec	640000 (20 sec.)

Continued from previous page

Parameter Name	Description	Index	Rel- Index	Store/ Access	FF Data Type and Range	Default
CYCLE_TYPE	Block execution methods available	281	20	S / ro	Bit String; Set Bit 0: Scheduled (LSB) 1: completion of block execution 2: manufacturer specific	Scheduled and completion of block execution
CYCLE_SEL	Select block execution method	282	21	S / rw	Bit String; See CYCLE_TYPE	See CYCLE_TYPE
DD_RESOURCE	Device Description Resource	271	10	S / ro	Visible String; Up to 32 characters	Spaces
DD_REV	Device Description Revision	275	14	S / ro	Unsigned8: 0 to 255	2
DEV_TYPE	Device Type, manufacturers model number	273	12	S / ro	Unsigned16: 0 to 65535	0x2401 (SRD991) 0x2481 (SRD960)
DEV_REV	Device Revision	274	13	S / ro	Unsigned8: 0 to 255	9
DEVICE_OPTIONS	Configuration of additional boards, connectable to the main board (refer to chapters 4.6, 4.7 and 4.8 for details)	314	51	S / rw	Bit String: Set Bit 0: external position return 1: internal pressure sensors 2: external binary inputs 3: external binary outputs 4: external sensors (in prep.)	By manufacturing
DEVICE_SER_NUM	Device Serial Number	316	53	S / ro	Visible String: Up to 16 characters Format: xx/yyyyyy	By manufacturing
DIAGNOSIS	Provides diagnostic information of the device	305	44	D / ro	Manuf. spec. data structure: Array of Unsigned8 See chapter 3.6	0,0,0,0,0,0
FAULT_STATE	Condition set by loss of communication to an output block	290	29	N / ro	Unsigned8: 1 = Clear 2 = Set	0

Parameter Name	Description	Index	Rel- Index	Store/ Access	FF Data Type and Range	Default
FEATURES	Supported resource block options	279	18	S / ro	Bit String: Set Bit 0: unicode strings (LSB) 1: reports supported 2: fault state supp. 3: soft write lock supported 4: hard write lock supported 5: output readback supported 6: direct write supported 7: change of BYPASS in an automatic mode	Reports, fault state, soft write lock and output readback supported
FEATURES_SEL	Selected resource block options	280	19	S / rw	Bit String: See FEATURES	See FEATURES
FREE_SPACE	Percent of memory available for further configuration	286	25	S / ro	Float: 0 to 100 % 0 = pre-configured device	0
FREE_TIME	Percent of processing time to process additional blocks	287	26	S / ro	Float: 0 to 100 %	0
GRANT_DENY	Options for controlling access of host systems and local control panels	276	15	D / rw	DS-70 data structure: See chapter 3.8	0
HARD_TYPES	Type of hardware available as channel numbers	277	16	S / ro	Bit String: Set Bit 0: Scalar Input (LSB) 1: Scalar Output 2: Discrete Input 3: Discrete Output	Discrete Output
HARDWARE_REVISION	Hardware revision of the device	308	44	S / ro	Visible String: Up to 16 characters format: xx.yyy	By manufacturing (such as 03.000)
ITK_VER	Major revision number of the interoperability test facility	303	42	S / ro	Unsigned16: Set by FF	4

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Parameter Name	Description	Index	Rel- Index	Store/ Access	FF Data Type and Range	Default
LIM_NOTIFY	Maximum number of unconfirmed alert notify messages	294	33	S / ro	Unsigned8: 0 to 255	8
LOCAL_OP_ENA	Local enable (lock/unlock local keys)	317	54	N / rw	Unsigned8: 1 = local keys enabled 2 = local keys disabled	1 = Enabled
MANUFAC_ID	Manufacturer Identification number	272	11	S / ro	Unsigned32: Controlled by FF	0x385884
MAX_NOTIFY	Maximum number of unconfirmed notify messages	293	32	S / ro	Unsigned8: 0 to 255	8
MEMORY_SIZE	Available configuration memory in the empty resource	284	23	S / ro	Unsigned16: Unit KBytes	0
MESSAGE_1	User-defined message	309	46	S / rw	Visible String: Up to 32 characters	Spaces
MESSAGE_2	User-defined message	310	47	S / rw	Visible String: Up to 32 characters	Spaces
MESSAGE_3	User-defined message	311	48	S / rw	Visible String: Up to 32 characters	Spaces
MESSAGE_4	User-defined message	312	49	S / rw	Visible String: Up to 32 characters	Spaces
MESSAGE_5	User-defined message	313	50	S / rw	Visible String: Up to 32 characters	Spaces
MIN_CYCLE_T	Shortest cycle interval of which the resource is capable	283	22	S / ro	Unsigned32: Unit 1 / 32 ms	3200 (100 msec)
MODELCODE	Model code of the device	315	52	S / rw	Visible String: See SRD991 Product specifications	By manufacturing (such as BQNS)
MODE_BLK	Actual, target, permitted and normal modes of the block	267	6	SN / rw	DS-69 data structure: See chapter 1.3	OOS, OOS, OOS MAN AUTO, AUTO

Parameter Name	Description	Index	Rel- Index	Store/ Access	FF Data Type and Range	Default
NV_CYCLE_T	Minimum time interval for writing copies of non-volatile parameters to non-volatile memory	285	24	S / ro	Unsigned32: 0 to 0xFFFFFFF 0 = it will never be automatically copied	0
RESTART	Allows a manual restart	278	17	D / rw	Unsigned8: 1 = Run 2 = Restart resource 3 = Restart with defaults 4 = Restart processor	0
RS_STATE	Resource State	269	8	D / ro	Unsigned8: 0 = Undefined 1 = Start / Restart 2 = Initialization 3 = On-line linking 4 = On-line 5 = Standby 6 = Failure	0
SET_FSTATE	Initiate Fault State condition manually	291	30	D / rw	Unsigned8: 1 = Off 2 = Set	0
SHED_RCAS	Time duration at which to give up on computer writes to function block RCAS locations	288	27	S / rw	Unsigned32: Unit 1 / 32 msec.	64000 (2 sec.)
SHED_ROUT	Time duration at which to give up on computer writes to function block ROUT locations	289	28	S / rw	Unsigned32: Unit 1 / 32 msec.	64000 (2 sec.)
SOFTWARE_REVISION	Software revision of the device	307	43	S / ro	Visible String: Up to 16 characters format: xx.yyy	By manufacturing (such as 09.166)
ST_REV	Static Revision	263	2	S / ro	Unsigned16: 1 to 65535	0

Continued from previous page

Parameter Name	Description	Index	Rel- Index	Store/ Access	FF Data Type and Range	Default
STRATEGY	Can be used to identify grouping of blocks	265	4	S / rw	Unsigned16: 0 to 65535	0
TAG_DESC	User description of the intended application of the block	264	3	S / rw	Octet String: Up to 32 characters	Spaces
TARGET_ERROR	Target errors which are relevant for the whole device including information about the course of errors	304	43	S / ro	Manuf. spec. data structure Array of Unsigned16 See chapter 3.7.	0
TEST_RW	Read/write Test parameter, used only for conformance testing	270	9	D / rw	DS-85 data structure: See Fieldbus Specification FF809	0
UPDATE_EVT	Generated by any change to the static data	297	36	D / ro	DS-73 data structure: - unacknowledged - update state - time stamp - static revision - relative index	0,0,0,0,0
WRITE_ALM	Alert generated if WRITE_LOCK is cleared	302	41	D / rw	DS-72 data structure: - unacknowledged - update state - time stamp - sub-code - value	0,0,0,0,0
WRITE_LOCK	If set, no writes from anywhere are allowed, except to clear WRITE_LOCK	296	35	S / rw	Unsigned8: 1 = unlocked 2 = locked	1
WRITE_PRI	Priority of the alarm generated by clearing the WRITE_LOCK	301	40	S / rw	Unsigned8: 0 to 15	0

Parameter Name	Description	Index	Rel- Index	Store/ Access	FF Data Type and Range	Default				
Analog Output Block										
ALERT_KEY	Identification number of the plant. This information may be used in the host system for sorting alarms	324	5	S / rw	Unsigned8: 1 to 255	0				
BININ_CONFIG	Configuration data for external binary input option board	355	36	S / rw	Bit String: 0 to 0x0F Refer to chap. 4.6	0x0F				
BININ_STAT	Actual Binary Input Status	356	37	D / ro	Bit String: 0 to 131 Refer to chap. 4.6	0				
BINOUT1_CONFIG	Defines the behavior of optional binary output channel 1	357	38	S / rw	Bit String: 0 to 0x8F Refer to chap. 4.7	0x08				
BINOUT2_CONFIG	Defines the behavior of optional binary output channel 2	358	39	S / rw	Bit String: 0 to 0x8F Refer to chap. 4.7	0x04				
BKCAL_OUT	Value and status required by an upper blocks BKCAL_IN	345	26	D / ro	DS-65 data structure: status, value	0, 0.0				
BLK_DATA	Analog Output Block Object	320	1	S / rw	DS-64 data structure: See chapter 3.5	See chapter 3.5				
BLOCK_ALM	Block alarm for all configuration, hardware, connection failure or system problems	350	31	D / rw	DS-72 data structure: - unacknowledged - update state - time stamp - sub-code - value	0,0,0,0,0				
BLOCK_ERR	Block error(s)	326	7	D / ro	Bit String: See description in Resource Block	0				

Continued from previous page

Parameter Name	Description	Index	Rel- Index	Store/ Access	FF Data Type and Range	Default
CAS_IN	Remote setpoint value from another FF-block or a DCS block through a defined link	337	18	N / rw	DS-65 data structure: status, value	0, 0.0
CHANNEL	Number of logical hardware channel connected to AO-Block	342	23	S / rw	Unsigned16: 1	0
CONTROL_DIFFERENCE	Difference between requested setpoint and actual position	365	46	D / ro	Float: Unit percent	0.0
CONTROL_DIFF_LIMIT	If the control difference exceeds this limit for a time greater then the time specified in the CONTROL_DIFF_TIME parameter, the CONTROL DIFF LIMIT status will be set in the DIAGNOSIS parameter	366	47	S / rw	Float: 0 to 100 %	5
CONTROL_DIFF_TIME	This is the relevant time in Seconds for the control difference limit	367	48	S / rw	Float: Positive	60
FSTATE_TIME	Time in seconds from detection of remote setpoint fault to output action if condition still exists	343	24	S / rw	Float: Positive	0.0
FSTATE_VAL	Preset analog setpoint value to use when fault occurs	344	25	S / rw	Float: Limited to PV_SCALE \pm 10 %	0.0
GRANT_DENY	Options for controlling access of host systems and local control panels	333	14	D / rw	DS-70 data structure See chapter 3.8	0
INPUT_CURRENT	Current consumption of the device	368	49	D / ro	Float: Unit mA	10.6 typically
IO_OPTS	Options to alter input and output block processing by user	334	15	S / rw	Bit String: See chapter 3.9	0
MODE_BLK	Actual, target, permitted and normal modes of the block	325	6	SN / rw	DS-69 data structure See chapter 1.3	OOS, OOS, OOS MAN AUTO CAS RCAS, AUTO

Parameter Name	Description	Index	Rel- Index	Store/ Access	FF Data Type and Range	Default
OUT	Primary analog output value (result of executing AO-Block)	329	10	N / rw	DS-65 data structure: status, value	0, 0.0
POS_VALVE_HI_ALARM	Defines valve position when first upper Alarm Status in DIAGNOSIS will be set	351	32	S / rw	Float: ±INF	110.0
POS_VALVE_HIHI_ALARM	Defines valve position when main upper Alarm Status in DIAGNOSIS will be set	352	33	S / rw	Float: ±INF	110.0
POS_VALVE_LO_ALARM	Defines valve position when first lower Alarm Status in DIAGNOSIS will be set	353	34	S / rw	Float: ±INF	-10.0
POS_VALVE_LOLO_ALARM	Defines valve position when main lower Alarm Status in DIAGNOSIS will be set	354	35	S / rw	Float: ±INF	-10.0
PV	Process Value, calculated from the READBACK or SIMULATE value	327	8	D / ro	DS-65 data structure: status, value	0, 0.0
PV_SCALE	Scaling of PV and parameters with the same scaling as PV	331	12	S / rw	DS-68 data structure: - EU at 100 % - EU at 0 % - units index - decimal point	100.0 0.0 1342 (percent) 1
RCAS_IN	Target setpoint and status provided by a supervisory host	346	27	N / rw	DS-65 data structure: status, value	0, 0.0
RCAS_OUT	Block setpoint and status after ramping—provided to a supervisory host	348	29	D / ro	DS-65 data structure: status, value	0, 0.0
READBACK	Indicates readback of actuator position	336	17	D / ro	DS-65 data structure: status, value	0, 0.0

Continued from previous page

Parameter Name	Description	Index	Rel- Index	Store/ Access	FF Data Type and Range	Default
SENSOR1_UNITS	Sensor1 units	360	41	S / rw	Unsigned16: 1141 = psi 1137 = bar 1133 = kPa	Bar
SENSOR1_VALUE	Value and status for optional supply pressure sensor 1 (air supply)	359	40	D / ro	DS-65 data structure: status, value	0, 0.0
SENSOR2_UNITS	Sensor2 units	362	43	S / rw	Unsigned16: 1141 = psi 1137 = bar 1133 = kPa	Bar
SENSOR2_VALUE	Value and status for optional output pressure sensor 2 (output1, Y1)	361	42	D / ro	DS-65 data structure: status, value	0, 0.0
SENSOR3_UNITS	Sensor3 units	364	45	S / rw	Unsigned16: 1141 = psi 1137 = bar 1133 = kPa	Bar
SENSOR3_VALUE	Value and status for optional output pressure sensor 3 (output2, Y2)	363	44	D / ro	DS-65 data structure: status, value	0, 0.0
SHED_OPT	Defines action to be taken on remote control device timeout	347	28	S / rw	Unsigned8: See chapter 3.12	0
SIMULATE	Allows the transducer input/output to the block manually supplied	330	11	D / rw	DS-82 data structure: - simulate status - simulate value - transducer status - transducer value - simulate enable/disable	0 0.0 0 0.0 simulate disable
SP	Analog setpoint	328	9	N / rw	DS-65 data structure: status, value; value limited to PV_SCALE ± 10 %	0, 0.0

Parameter Name	Description	Index	Rel- Index	Store/ Access	FF Data Type and Range	Default
SP_HI_LIM	Setpoint high limit (the highest setpoint operator entry that can be used by the block)	340	21	S / rw	Float: Limited to PV_SCALE ± 10 %	100.0
SP_LO_LIM	Setpoint low limit (the lowest setpoint operator entry that can be used by the block)	341	22	S / rw	Float: Limited to PV_SCALE ± 10 %	0.0
SP_RATE_DN	Ramp rate for downward setpoint changes in PV units per second	338	19	S / rw	Float: +INF 0 = use setpoint immediately	+INF
SP_RATE_UP	Ramp rate for upward setpoint changes in PV units per second	339	20	S / rw	Float: +INF 0 = use setpoint immediately	+INF
ST_REV	Static Revision	321	2	S / ro	Unsigned16: 1 to 65535	0
STATUS_OPTS	Options for block processing of status by user	335	16	S / rw	Bit String: See chapter 3.10	0
STRATEGY	Can be used to identify grouping of blocks	323	4	S / rw	Unsigned16: 0 to 65535	0
TAG_DESC	User description of the intended application of the block	322	3	S / rw	Octet String: Up to 32 characters	Spaces
UPDATE_EVT	Generated by any change to the static data	349	30	D / ro	DS-73 data structure: - unacknowledged - update state - time stamp - static revision - relative index	0,0,0,0,0
XD_SCALE	Scaling READBACK/OUT for a specified channel	332	13	S / rw	DS-68 data structure: - EU at 100 % - EU at 0 % - units index - decimal point	100.0 0.0 1342 (percent) 1

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Parameter Name	Description	Index	Rel- Index	Store/ Access	FF Data Type and Range	Default			
Transducer Block (Standard Advanced Positioner Valve Basic Device Access)									
ACT_FAIL_ACTION	Specifies the action the actuator takes in case of failure	401	22	S / rw	Unsigned8: 0 = undefined 1 = Self-closing 2 = Self-opening 3 = Hold last value 4 = Maximum value 5 = Minimum value 255 = indeterminate	255			
ACT_MAN_ID	Actuator manufacturer identification number	402	23	N / rw	Unsigned32: Defined by FF	0x385884			
ACT_MODEL_NUM	Actuator model number	403	24	N / rw	Visible String: Up to 32 characters	NULL			
ACT_SN	Actuator serial number	404	25	N / rw	Visible String: Up to 32 characters	0			
ACT_STROKE_TIME_DEC	Measured fastest time of the actuator/valve combination for a whole decreasing stroke in seconds	447	68	S / ro	Float: 0 to +INF	0			
ACT_STROKE_TIME_INC	Measured fastest time of the actuator/valve combination for a whole increasing stroke in seconds	448	69	S / ro	Float: 0 to +INF	0			
ADC_GAIN	Actual gain code for position input	446	67	S / rw	Unsigned8: 0 to 0x78 (Do NOT change)	0			
ALARM_HYSTERESIS	Hysteresis for the parameters: final value range and position limits in percent	428	49	S / rw	Float: Positive	1.0			
ALERT_KEY	Identification number of the plant. This information may be used in the host system for sorting alarms etc.	384	5	S / rw	Unsigned8: 1 to 255	0			

Parameter Name	Description	Index	Rel- Index	Store/ Access	FF Data Type and Range	Default
ANALOG_OUTPUT	Value of the analog output signal displayed in mA	449	70	S / ro	Float: Positive	0.0
BLK_DATA	Transducer Block Object	380	1	S / rw	DS-64 data structure: See chapter 3.5	See chapter 3.5
BLOCK_ALM	Block alarm for all configuration, hardware, connection failure or system problems	388	9	D / rw	DS-72 data structure: - unacknowledged - update state - time stamp - sub-code - value	0,0,0,0,0
BLOCK_ERR	Block error(s)	386	7	D / ro	Bit String: See description in Resource Block	0
COLLECTION_DIRECTORY	Directory that specifies the number, starting indexes and DD-Item-Ids of the data collections in each transducer within a transducer block	392	13	S / ro	Array of Unsigned32: 1 st element: number of data collections 2 nd element: index of 1 st data collection 3 rd element: index of 2 nd data collection	1, 13
CONTROL_ALGORITHM	Control algorithm used internally to position the valve	420	41	S / rw	Unsigned8: 000 = PID 254 = no control	0 = PID
CONTROL_GAP	Range in percent where a change of the setpoint doesn't make any sense caused by stiction of a valve	424	45	S / rw	Float: Positive	0.1
CUTOFF_HYSTERESIS	Hysteresis for the seal close span of a valve in percent	427	48	S / rw	Float: Positive	0.005
CYCLE_COUNT	cycle counter which counts changes in movement (up/down or right/left)	434	55	S / rw	Unsigned32: 0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	By manufacturing

Continued from previous page

Parameter Name	Description	Index	Rel- Index	Store/ Access	FF Data Type and Range	Default
CYCLE_COUNT_LIMIT	Limit for cycle counter. When the cycle count value exceeds the limit value the CYCLE_COUNT_LIMIT status bit will be set in the DIAGNOSIS parameter.	435	56	S / rw	Unsigned32: 0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	9000000
ELECTRONICS_TEMP	Internal temperature of the device in engineering units specified in electronics temperature units parameter	429	50	S / ro	Float: -40 to + 80 °Celsius	
ELECTRONICS_TEMP_LL	Lower limit of the internal temperature. When the electronics temperature is falling below this limit, the TEMP TOO LOW status bit will be set in the DIAGNOSIS parameter	431	52	S / ro	Float: -40 °Celsius	-40
ELECTRONICS_TEMP_UL	Upper limit of the internal temperature. When the electronics temperature is raising above this limit, the TEMP TOO HIGH status bit will be set in the DIAGNOSIS parameter	432	53	S / ro	Float: +80 °Celsius	80
ELECTRONICS_TEMP_UNITS	Specifies engineering unit for electronics temperature parameter	430	51	S / rw	Unsigned16: 1001 = °Celsius 1002 = °Fahrenheit	°Celsius
FINAL_POSITION_VALUE	Actual valve position and status	397	18	N / ro	DS-65 data structure: FINAL_VALUE_RANGE	0, 0.0
FINAL_VALUE	Requested valve position and status written by Analog Output Function Block	393	14	N / ro	DS-65 data structure: Limited to values in parameter FINAL_VALUE_RANGE	0.0

Parameter Name	Description	Index	Rel- Index	Store/ Access	FF Data Type and Range	Default
FINAL_VALUE_CUTOFF_HI	If FINAL_VALUE is more positive than this value, the valve is forced to its maximum high value (fully opened)	395	16	S / rw	Float: FINAL_VALUE_RANGE, +INF	+INF
FINAL_VALUE_CUTOFF_LO	If FINAL_VALUE is more negative than this value, the valve is forced to its minimum low value (fully closed)	396	17	S / rw	Float: FINAL_VALUE_RANGE, -INF	-INF
FINAL_VALUE_RANGE	Scaling of FINAL_VALUE and parameters with the same scaling as FINAL_VALUE	394	15	N / ro	DS-68 data structure: - EU at 100 % - EU at 0 % - units index - decimal point	100.0 0.0 1342 (percent) 1
FX_CMD	Parameter for passing a factory diagnostic command to Transducer	450	71	D / rw	Manuf. spec. data structure (not for customer use)	
FX_RSP	Parameter for the response to factory diagnostic command from Transducer	451	72	D / ro	Manuf. spec. data structure (not for customer use)	
INST_MODE	Reflects the internal software state of the positioner	413	34	N / rw	Unsigned8: 0 = OFFLINE 1 = ONLINE 2 = FAULT STATE 3 = DIAGNOSIS 4 = CALIBRATE 5 = INIT	Depends on the value of POWER_UP_ ACTION and whether an Autostart has been executed
LIN_TYPE	Setpoint characterization	416	37	S / rw	Unsigned8: 0 = Linear 1 = Equal percentage 1:50 2 = Quick open 3 = Customer spec.	Linear

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Parameter Name	Description	Index	Rel- Index	Store/ Access	FF Data Type and Range	Default
LOW_PRESSURE_LIMIT	Lower limit of the sensor 1 parameter. When the pressure is falling below this limit, the PRESS_TOO_LOW status will be set in the DIAGNOSIS parameter	433	54	S / rw	Float: -INF to +INF	-0.5 bar
MODE_BLK	Actual, target, permitted and normal modes of the block	385	6	SN / rw	DS-69 data structure See chapter 1.3	OOS, OOS, OOS MAN AUTO, AUTO
MOTOR_PAR	IP-Motor specific value calculated while autostart is running	445	66	S / rw	Unsigned32 Do NOT change	0
POS_ENDPOINT_HIGH	Upper endpoint for the valve position in degree	443	64	S / rw	Float	45.0
POS_ENDPOINT_LOW	Lower endpoint for the valve position in degree	442	63	S / rw	Float	-45.0
POSITION_LINEARIZATION	Position Linearization	415	36	S / rw	Unsigned8: 2 = stroke, left mounted 3 = rotary, opening counter-clockwise 6 = stroke, right mounted 7 = rotary, opening clockwise	Stroke, left mounted
POWER_UP_ACTION	Defines the state of the internal instrument mode after Power-Up	419	40	S / rw	Unsigned8: 1 = ONLINE 2 = FAULT STATE	ONLINE
SELF_CALIB_CMD	Parameter to initiate an Autostart or reset cycle/travel counter	417	38	S / rw	Unsigned8: 0 = no reaction/initial value 2 = Autostart 3 = Short Autostart 7 = Reset travel sum and cycle counter	0

Parameter Name	Description	Index	Rel- Index	Store/ Access	FF Data Type and Range	Default
SERVO_GAIN	PID gain value for valve opening direction (linear coefficient)	398	19	S / rw	Float: Positive	2.0
SERVO_GAIN2	PID gain value for valve closing direction (linear coefficient)	421	42	S / rw	Float: Positive	15.0
SERVO_RATE	PID rate value for valve opening direction (differential coefficient)	400	21	S / rw	Float: Positive	0.0
SERVO_RATE2	PID rate value for valve closing direction (differential coefficient)	423	44	S / rw	Float: Positive	0.0
SERVO_RESET	PID reset value for valve opening direction (integral coefficient)	399	20	S / rw	Float: Positive	2.7
SERVO_RESET2	PID reset value for valve closing direction (integral coefficient)	422	43	S / rw	Float: Positive	7.5
SPRING_ACT	Spring effect	444	65	S / rw	Unsigned8: 0 = no spring 1 = spring closes valve 2 = spring opens valve	Spring closes valve
ST_REV	Static Revision	381	2	S / ro	Unsigned16: 1 to 65535	0

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Parameter Name	Description	Index	Rel- Index	Store/ Access	FF Data Type and Range	Default
STAT_AUTOINIT	Actual status while (short) autostart is running	418	39	S / ro	Unsigned8: 0x00 = no error 0x01 = Autostart error 0x100x11 = find end positions 0x200x2F = calculate I/P- converter parameter 0x300x3F = calculate control parameter (Autostart only) 0x400x42 = measure travel time (Autostart only)	0
STRATEGY	Can be used to identify grouping of blocks	383	4	S / rw	Unsigned16: 0 to 65535	0
TAB_ENTRY	Identifies which table element is in the TAB_X and TAB_Y parameter currently	452	73	D / rw	Unsigned8: 1 to 22	0
TAB_MIN_NUMBER	The minimum number of pair of variates for the device to define a characteristic curve	453	74	S / ro	Unsigned8: 2	2
TAB_MAX_NUMBER	The maximum number of pair of variates for the device to define a characteristic curve	454	75	S / ro	Unsigned8: 22	22
TAB_ACTUAL_NUMBER	The actual number of pair of variates which is present in the device defining a characteristic curve	455	76	S / ro	Unsigned8: 2 to 22	2
Parameter Name	Description	Index	Rel- Index	Store/ Access	FF Data Type and Range	Default
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TAB_OP_CODE	Select operation mode to download a characteristic curve into the device. TAP_OP_CODE controls the transaction of the table	456	77	D / rw	Unsigned8: 0 = not initialized 1 = START, ready to download pair of variates 3 = END (end of transmission)	0
TAB_STATUS	Status of the selected characteristic curve in the device	457	78	D / ro	Unsigned8: 0 = not initialized 1 = Good, table is valid 2 = Not monotonously increasing 4 = Not enough values 5 = Too many values 8 = Loading	0
TAB_XY_VALUE_0	Pair of variates which represents input signal (X) and valve position (Y) index 0	458	79	S / rw	Float: 0.0 to 100.0	0.0
TAB_XY_VALUE_1	Pair of variates which represents input signal (X) and valve position (Y) with index 1	459	80	S / rw	Float: 0.0 to 100.0	100.0
TAB_XY_VALUE_2	Pair of variates which represents input signal (X) and valve position (Y) with index 2	460	81	S / rw	Float: 0.0 to 100.0	0.0
TAB_XY_VALUE_3	Pair of variates which represents input signal (X) and valve position (Y) with index 3	461	82	S / rw	Float: 0.0 to 100.0	0.0
TAB_XY_VALUE_4	Pair of variates which represents input signal (X) and valve position (Y) with index 4	462	83	S / rw	Float: 0.0 to 100.0	0.0
TAB_XY_VALUE_5	Pair of variates which represents input signal (X) and valve position (Y) with index 5	463	84	S / rw	Float: 0.0 to 100.0	0.0

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Parameter Name	Description	Index	Rel- Index	Store/ Access	FF Data Type and Range	Default
TAB_XY_VALUE_6	Pair of variates which represents input signal (X) and valve position (Y) with index 6	464	85	S / rw	Float: 0.0 to 100.0	0.0
TAB_XY_VALUE_7	Pair of variates which represents input signal (X) and valve position (Y) with index 7	465	86	S / rw	Float: 0.0 to 100.0	0.0
TAB_XY_VALUE_8	Pair of variates which represents input signal (X) and valve position (Y) with index 8	466	87	S / rw	Float: 0.0 to 100.0	0.0
TAB_XY_VALUE_9	Pair of variates which represents input signal (X) and valve position (Y) with index 9	467	88	S / rw	Float: 0.0 to 100.0	0.0
TAB_XY_VALUE_10	Pair of variates which represents input signal (X) and valve position (Y) with index 10	468	89	S / rw	Float: 0.0 to 100.0	0.0
TAB_XY_VALUE_11	Pair of variates which represents input signal (X) and valve position (Y) with index 11	469	90	S / rw	Float: 0.0 to 100.0	0.0
TAB_XY_VALUE_12	Pair of variates which represents input signal (X) and valve position (Y) with index 12	470	91	S / rw	Float: 0.0 to 100.0	0.0
TAB_XY_VALUE_13	Pair of variates which represents input signal (X) and valve position (Y) with index 13	471	92	S / rw	Float: 0.0 to 100.0	0.0
TAB_XY_VALUE_14	Pair of variates which represents input signal (X) and valve position (Y) with index 14	472	93	S / rw	Float: 0.0 to 100.0	0.0

Parameter Name	Description	Index	Rel- Index	Store/ Access	FF Data Type and Range	Default
TAB_XY_VALUE_15	Pair of variates which represents input signal (X) and valve position (Y) with index 15	473	94	S / rw	Float: 0.0 to 100.0	0.0
TAB_XY_VALUE_16	Pair of variates which represents input signal (X) and valve position (Y) with index 16	474	95	S / rw	Float: 0.0 to 100.0	0.0
TAB_XY_VALUE_17	Pair of variates which represents input signal (X) and valve position (Y) with index 17	475	96	S / rw	Float: 0.0 to 100.0	0.0
TAB_XY_VALUE_18	Pair of variates which represents input signal (X) and valve position (Y) with index 18	476	97	S / rw	Float: 0.0 to 100.0	0.0
TAB_XY_VALUE_19	Pair of variates which represents input signal (X) and valve position (Y) with index 19	477	98	S / rw	Float: 0.0 to 100.0	0.0
TAB_XY_VALUE_20	Pair of variates which represents input signal (X) and valve position (Y) with index 20	478	99	S / rw	Float: 0.0 to 100.0	0.0
TAB_XY_VALUE_21	Pair of variates which represents input signal (X) and valve position (Y) with index 21	479	100	S / rw	Float: 0.0 to 100.0	0.0
TAG_DESC	User description of the intended application of the block	382	3	S / rw	Octet String: Up to 32 characters	Spaces
TARGET_ERROR	Target errors which are relevant for the transducer including information about the course of errors	412	33	S / ro	Manuf. spec. data structure Array of Unsigned16 See chapter 3.7.	0

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Parameter Name	Description	Index	Rel- Index	Store/ Access	FF Data Type and Range	Default
TRANSDUCER_ DIRECTORY	Directory that specifies the number and starting indexes of the transducers in the transducer block	389	10	S / ro	Array of Unsigned16: 1 st element: number of transducers 2 nd element: index of 3 rd element: index of 2 nd transducer etc.	1, 10
TRANSDUCER_TYPE	Identifies the transducer that follows	390	11	S / ro	Unsigned16: Defined by FF	106 = Standard Advanced Positioner Valve
TRAV_DEC_LIM	Configurable T63 percent time limit for decreasing full span travel	426	47	S / rw	Float	0.4
TRAV_INC_LIM	Configurable T63 percent time limit for increasing full span travel	425	46	S / rw	Float	0.4
TRAVEL_POS	Actual travel position in engineering units specified in travel position units parameter	439	60	S / ro	Float	0.0
TRAVEL_POS_UNITS	Specifies engineering unit for travel position, travel span, and travel position limits parameter	440	61	S / rw	Unsigned16: 1005 = degree 1013 = mm 1019 = inch	Degree
TRAVEL_SPAN	Travel span of the valve in engineering units specified in travel position units parameter	441	62	S / rw	Float: Positive	90.0
TRAVEL_SUM	Actual summarized travel value in full strokes	436	57	S / rw	Unsigned32: 0 to 0xFFFFFFF	By manufacturing
TRAVEL_SUM_DEADBAND	Configurable deadband for the summarized travel value	438	59	S / rw	Float: 0 to 100 %	1.0

Parameter Name	Description	Index	Rel- Index	Store/ Access	FF Data Type and Range	Default
TRAVEL_SUM_LIMIT	Limit value for summarized travel (in full strokes). When the travel sum parameter value exceeds the limit value the TRAVEL_SUM_LIMIT status bit will be set in the DIAGNOSIS parameter	437	58	S / rw	Unsigned32: 0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	9000000
UPDATE_EVT	Generated by any change to the static data	387	8	D / ro	DS-73 data structure: - unacknowledged - update state - time stamp - static revision - relative index	0,0,0,0,0
VALVE_ACT	Actuator Type	414	35	S / rw	Unsigned8: 1 = single-acting 2 = double-acting	Single-acting
VALVE_MAN_ID	Valve manufacturer identification number	405	26	N / rw	Unsigned32: Defined by FF	0x385884
VALVE_MODEL_NUM	Valve model number	406	27	N / rw	Visible String: Up to 32 characters	NULL
VALVE_SN	Valve serial number	407	28	N / rw	Visible String: Up to 32 characters	0
VALVE_TYPE	Valve type	408	29	N / rw	Unsigned8: 000 = Undefined 001 = Linear 002 = Rotary 255 = Other	0

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Parameter Name	Description	Index	Rel- Index	Store/ Access	FF Data Type and Range	Default
XD_CAL_DATE	Date of last positioner calibration	410	31	S / rw	Date: - ms (059 999) - min (059) - h (023, including SU in the highest bit (0 = standard time 1 = summer time)) - day of month (131, including day of week in upper 3 bits (17)) - months (112) - years (099)	By manufacturing
XD_CAL_LOC	Location of last positioner calibration	409	30	S / rw	Visible String: Up to 32 characters	By manufacturing
XD_CAL_WHO	Name of the person responsible for last positioner calibration	411	32	S / rw	Visible String: Up to 32 characters	By manufacturing
XD_ERROR	Block Alarm Sub-code	391	12	D / ro	Unsigned8: 16 = unspecified error 17 = general error 18 = calibration error 19 = configuration error 20 = electronics error 21 = mechanical error 22 = I/O failure 23 = data integrity error 24 = software error 25 = algorithm error	0

Parameter Name	Description	Index	Rel- Index	Store/ Access	FF Data Type and Range	Default			
PID Block									
ACK_OPTION	Selection of alarms which will be automatically acknowledged	536	47	S / rw	Bit String: 0: Auto Ack disabled 1: Auto Ack enabled	0			
ALARM_HYS	Alarm hysteresis	537	48	S / rw	Float: 0 to 50 %	0.5 %			
ALARM_SUM	Current alert status	535	46	SD / rw	DS-75 data structure: - current alarms - unacknowledged - unreported - disabled	0,0,0,0			
					Set Bit 0: Discrete alarm (not used) 1: High hgh alarm 2: High alarm 3: Low low alarm 4: Low alarm 5: Deviation high alarm 6: Deviation low alarm 7: Block alarm Zero (0) state indicates alarm clear, acknowledged, reported				
					enabled				
ALERT_KEY	Identification number of the plant. This information may be used in the host system for sorting alarms etc.	494	5	S / rw	Unsigned8: 1 to 255	0			

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Parameter Name	Description	Index	Rel- Index	Store/ Access	FF Data Type and Range	Default
BAL_TIME	Balancing time, the time constant at which the integral time will move to obtain balance when the output is limited and mode is AUTO, CAS, or RCAS	515	26	S / rw	Float: Positive	0.0
BKCAL_IN	Value and status from a lower block's BKCAL_OUT	517	28	D / ro	DS-65 data structure: status, value	0, 0.0
BKCAL_HYS	Back calculation hysteresis	520	31	S / rw	Float: 0 to 50 %	0.5 %
BKCAL_OUT	Value and status required by an upper blocks BKCAL_IN	521	32	D / ro	DS-65 data structure: status, value	0, 0.0
BLOCK_ALM	Block alarm for all configuration, hardware, connection failure or system problems	534	45	D / rw	DS-72 data structure: - unacknowledged - update state - time stamp - sub-code - value	0,0,0,0,0
BLOCK_ERR	Block error(s)	496	7	D / ro	Bit String: See description in Resource Block	0
BYPASS	Normal control algorithm is bypassed if set	507	18	S / rw	Unsigned8: 0 = Uninitialized 1 = Off 2 = On	0
CAS_IN	Remote setpoint value from another FF-block or a DCS block through a defined link	508	19	N / rw	DS-65 data structure: status, value	0, 0.0
CONTROL_OPTS	Options the user may select to alter calculations done in the PID Block	503	14	S / rw	Bit String: See chapter 3.11	0

Parameter Name	Description	Index	Rel- Index	Store/ Access	FF Data Type and Range	Default
DV_HI_ALM	Status and time stamp associated with DV_HI_ALM	554	65	D / ro	DS-71 data structure: - unacknowledged - update state - time stamp - sub-code - value	0,0,0,0,0
DV_HI_LIM	High deviation alarm setting	547	58	S / rw	Float: 0 to PV span, +INF	+INF
DV_HI_PRI	Priority of the high deviation alarm	546	57	S / rw	Unsigned8: 0 to 15	0
DV_LO_ALM	Status and time stamp associated with DV_LO_ALM	555	66	D / ro	DS-71 data structure: - unacknowledged - update state - time stamp - sub-code - value	0,0,0,0,0
DV_LO_LIM	Low deviation alarm setting	549	60	S / rw	Float: -INF, -PV span to 0	-INF
DV_LO_PRI	Priority of the low deviation alarm	548	59	S / rw	Unsigned8: 0 to 15	0
FF_GAIN	Gain that the feed forward input is multiplied by before it is added to the calculated control output	532	43	S / rw	Float	0.0
FF_SCALE	Scaling for FF_VAL	531	42	S / rw	DS-68 data structure: - EU at 100 % - EU at 0 % - units index - decimal point	100.0 0.0 1342 (percent) 1
FF_VAL	Feed forward value and status	530	41	N / rw	DS-65 data structure: status, value	0, 0.0
GAIN	PID Gain value	513	24	S / rw	Float	0.0

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Parameter Name	Description	Index	Rel- Index	Store/ Access	FF Data Type and Range	Default
GRANT_DENY	Options for controlling access of host systems and local control panels	502	13	D / rw	DS-70 data structure See chapter 3.8	0
HI_ALM	Status and time stamp associated with HI_ALM	551	62	D / ro	DS-71 data structure: - unacknowledged - update state - time stamp - sub-code - value	0,0,0,0,0
HI_LIM	High alarm setting	541	52	S / rw	Float: PV_SCALE, +INF	+INF
HI_PRI	Priority of the high alarm	540	51	S / rw	Unsigned8: 0 to 15	0
HI_HI_ALM	Status and time stamp associated with HI_HI_ALM	550	61	D / ro	DS-71 data structure: - unacknowledged - update state - time stamp - sub-code - value	0,0,0,0,0
HI_HI_LIM	High high alarm setting	539	50	S / rw	Float: PV_SCALE, +INF	+INF
HI_HI_PRI	Priority of the high high alarm	538	49	S / rw	Unsigned8: 0 to 15	0
IN	Primary input value	505	16	N / rw	DS-65 data structure: status, value; value limited to PV_SCALE ± 10 %	0, 0.0
LO_ALM	Status and time stamp associated with LO_ALM	552	63	D / ro	DS-71 data structure: - unacknowledged - update state - time stamp - sub-code - value	0,0,0,0,0
LO_LIM	Low alarm setting	543	54	S / rw	Float: -INF, PV_SCALE	-INF

Parameter Name	Description	Index	Rel- Index	Store/ Access	FF Data Type and Range	Default
LO_PRI	Priority of the low alarm	542	53	S / rw	Unsigned8: 0 to 15	0
LO_LO_ALM	Status and time stamp associated with LO_LO_ALM	553	64	D / ro	DS-71 data structure: - unacknowledged - update state - time stamp - sub-code - value	0,0,0,0,0
LO_LO_LIM	Low low alarm setting	545	56	S / rw	Float: -INF; PV_SCALE	-INF
LO_LO_PRI	Priority of the low low alarm	544	55	S / rw	Unsigned8: 0 to 15	0
MODE_BLK	Actual, target, permitted and normal modes of the block	495	6	SN / rw	DS-69 data structure See chapter 1.3	OOS, OOS, OOS MAN AUTO CAS RCAS ROUT, AUTO
OUT	Primary analog output value (result of executing PID-Block)	499	10	N / rw	DS-65 data structure: status, value	0, 0.0
OUT_HI_LIM	Limits the maximum output value	518	29	S / rw	Float: Limited to OUT_SCALE ± 10 %	100.0
OUT_LO_LIM	Limits the minimum output value	519	30	S / rw	Float: Limited to OUT_SCALE ± 10 %	0.0
OUT_SCALE	Scaling of OUT and parameters with the same scaling as OUT	501	12	S / rw	DS-68 data structure: - EU at 100 % - EU at 0 % - units index - decimal point	100.0 0.0 1342 (percent) 1
PV	Primary analog value or a process value associated with it	497	8	D / ro	DS-65 data structure: status, value	0, 0.0
PV_FTIME	Time constant of a single exponential filter for PV	506	17	S / rw	Float: Non-negative	0.0

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Parameter Name	Description	Index	Rel- Index	Store/ Access	FF Data Type and Range	Default
PV_SCALE	Scaling of PV and parameters with the same scaling as PV	500	11	S / rw	DS-68 data structure: - EU at 100 % - EU at 0 % - units index - decimal point	100.0 0.0 1342 (percent) 1
RATE	Derivative time constant	516	27	S / rw	Float	0.0
RCAS_IN	Target setpoint and status provided by a supervisory host	522	33	N / rw	DS-65 data structure: status, value	0, 0.0
RCAS_OUT	Block setpoint and status after ramping — provided to a supervisory host	525	36	D / ro	DS-65 data structure: status, value	0, 0.0
RESET	Integral time constant	514	25	S / rw	Float: Positive	+INF
ROUT_IN	Target output and status provided by a host for use as the output (ROUT mode)	523	34	N / rw	DS-65 data structure: status, value	0, 0.0
ROUT_OUT	Block Output and status provided to a host for back calculation in ROUT mode	526	37	D / ro	DS-65 data structure: status, value	0, 0.0
SHED_OPT	Defines action to be taken on remote control device timeout	524	35	S / rw	Unsigned8: See chapter 3.12	0
SP	Analog setpoint	498	9	N / rw	DS-65 data structure: status, value; value limited to PV_SCALE ± 10 %	0, 0.0
SP_HI_LIM	Setpoint high limit (the highest setpoint operator entry that can be used by the block)	511	22	S / rw	Float: Limited to PV_SCALE ± 10 %	100.0

Parameter Name	Description	Index	Rel- Index	Store/ Access	FF Data Type and Range	Default
SP_LO_LIM	SP_LO_LIM Setpoint low limit (the lowest setpoint operator entry that can be used by the block)		23	S / rw	Float: Limited to PV_SCALE \pm 10 %	0.0
SP_RATE_DN	Ramp rate for downward setpoint changes in PV units per second	509	20	S / rw	Float: +INF 0 = use setpoint immediately	+INF
SP_RATE_UP Ramp rate for upward setpoint changes in PV units per second		510	21	S / rw	Float: +INF 0 = use setpoint immediately	+INF
ST_REV	Static Revision	491	2	S / ro	Unsigned16: 1 to 65535	0
STATUS_OPTS Options for block processing of status by user		504	15	S / rw	Bit String: See chapter 3.10	0
STRATEGY Can be used to identify grouping of blocks		493	4	S / rw	Unsigned16: 0 to 65535	0
TAG_DESC	User description of the intended application of the block	492	3	S / rw	Octet String: Up to 32 characters	Spaces
TRK_IN_D Discrete input to initiate external tracking of the block output to the value specified by TRK_VAL		528	39	N / rw	DS-66 data structure: Status, value (On, Off)	Off
TRK_VAL Track value when external tracking is enabled by TRK_IN_D		529	40	N / rw	DS-65 data structure: status, value	0, 0.0
TRK_SCALE Scaling values associated with TRK_VAL		527	38	S / rw	DS-68 data structure: - EU at 100 % - EU at 0 % - units index - decimal point	100.0 0.0 1342 (percent) 1

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Parameter Name Description		Index	Rel- Index	Store/ Access	FF Data Type and Range	Default
UPDATE_EVT	Generated by any change to the static data	533	44	D / ro	DS-73 data structure: - unacknowledged - update state - time stamp - static revision - relative index	0,0,0,0,0
	L	ink Obje	cts			
FB_LINK01 FB_LINK22	Link Objects to define links between function block application and between interface devices and field devices	560 581	-	N / rw	DS-81 data structure	
	A	lert Obje	cts			
ALERT_FLT01	Float Event notification object	590	-	N / rw	DS-75 data structure	
ALERT_DSC01	Discrete Event notification object	591	-	N / rw	DS-76 data structure	
ALERT_EVT01	Update Event notification object	592	-	N / rw	DS-77 data structure	
	Ті	rend Obje	ects			
TREND_FLT01 TREND_FLT10	Float Trend Object	600 609	-	N / rw	DS-78 data structure	
TREND_DSC01	Discrete Trend Object	610	-	N / rw	DS-79 data structure	

Parameter Name	Description	Index	Rel- Index	Store/ Access	FF Data Type and Range	Default
	V	iew Obje	cts			
	Re	esource B	lock			
VIEW_1	Resource Block View 1 (access to the dynamic operating parameters with a single read)	620	-	D / ro	7 parameters: ST_REV, MODE_BLK, BLOCK_ERR, RS_STATE, FREE_TIME, FAULT_STATE, ALARM_SUM	-
VIEW_2	Resource Block View 2 (access to the static operating parameters with a single read)	621	-	D / ro	11 parameters: ST_REV, GRANT_DENY, FEATURES_SEL, CYCLE_SEL, NV_CYCLE_T, FREE_SPACE, SHED_RCAS, SHED_ROUT, LIM_NOTIFY, CONFIRM_TIME, WRITE_LOCK	-
VIEW_3	Resource Block View 3 (access to all dynamic operating parameters)	622	-	D / ro	See VIEW_1	-
VIEW_4	Resource Block View 4 (access to static parameters not included in VIEW_2)	623	-	D / ro	15 parameters: ST_REV, STRATEGY, ALERT_KEY, MANUFAC_ID, DEV_TYPE, DEV_REV, DD_REV, HARD_TYPES, FEATURES, CYCLE_TYPE, MIN_CYCLE_T, MEMORY_SIZE, MAX_NOTIFY, ACK_OPTION, WRITE_PRI	-

Parameter Name	Description	Index	Rel- Index	Store/ Access	FF Data Type and Range	Default
	Anal	og Output	t Block			
VIEW_1	Analog Output Block VIEW 1 (access to the dynamic operating parameters with a single read)	630	-	D / ro	8 parameters: ST_REV, MODE_BLK, BLOCK_ERR, PV, SP, OUT, READBACK, CAS_IN	-
VIEW_2 Analog Output Block VIEW 2 access to the static operating parameters with a single read)		631	-	D / ro	6 parameters: ST_REV, PV_SCALE, XD_SCALE, GRANT_DENY, SP_HI_LIM, SP_LO_LIM	-
VIEW_3	Analog Output Block VIEW 3 (access to all dynamic operating parameters)	632	-	D / ro	11 parameters: ST_REV, MODE_BLK, BLOCK_ERR, PV, SP, OUT, READBACK, CAS_IN, BKCAL_OUT, RCAS_IN, RCAS_OUT	-
VIEW_4 Analog Output Block VIEW 4 (access to static parameters not included in VIEW_2)		633	-	D / ro	11 parameters: ST_REV, STRATEGY, ALERT_KEY, IO_OPTS, STATUS_OPTS, SP_RATE_DN, SP_RATE_UP, CHANNEL, FSTATE_TIME, FSTATE_VAL, SHED_OPT	-
	Tra	insducer I	Block			
VIEW_1	Transducer Block VIEW 1 (access to the dynamic operating parameters with a single read)	640	-	D / ro	7 parameters: ST_REV, MODE_BLK, BLOCK_ERR, TRANSDUCER_TYPE, XD_ERROR, FINAL_VALUE, FINAL_POSITION_VALUE	-

Parameter Name	Description	Index	Rel- Index	Store/ Access	FF Data Type and Range	Default
VIEW_2	Transducer Block VIEW 2 access to the static operating parameters with a single read)	641	-	D / ro	3 parameters: ST_REV, TRANSDUCER_TYPE, FINAL_VALUE_RANGE	-
VIEW_3 VIEW 3 (access to all dynamic operating parameters)		642	-	D / ro	See VIEW_1	-
VIEW_4	First Transducer Block VIEW 4 (access to static parameters not included in VIEW_2)	643	-	D / ro	13 parameters: ST_REV, STRATEGY, ALERT_KEY, TRANSDUCER_TYPE, FINAL_VALUE_CUTOFF_HI, FINAL_VALUE_CUTOFF_LO, SERVO_GAIN, SERVO_RESET, SERVO_RATE, ACT_FAIL_ACTION, ACT_MAN_ID, ACT_MODEL_NUM, ACT_SN	-
VIEW_4	Second Transducer Block VIEW 4 (access to static parameters not included in VIEW_2)	644	-	D / ro	4 parameters: VALVE_MAN_ID, VALVE_MODEL_NUM, VALVE_SN, VALVE_TYPE	-
VIEW_4	Third Transducer Block VIEW 4 (access to static parameters not included in VIEW_2)	645	-	D / ro	3 parameters: XD_CAL_LOC, XD_CAL_DATE, XD_CAL_WHO	-

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Parameter Name	Description	Index	Rel- Index	Store/ Access	FF Data Type and Range	Default
		PID Bloc	k			
VIEW_1	PID Block VIEW 1 (access to the dynamic operating parameters with a single read)	650	-	D / ro	10 parameters: ST_REV, MODE_BLK, BLOCK_ERR, PV, SP, OUT, CAS_IN, TRK_IN_D, TRK_VAL, ALARM_SUM	-
VIEW_2	PID Block VIEW 2 access to the static operating parameters with a single read)	651	-	D / ro	9 parameters: ST_REV, PV_SCALE, OUT_SCALE, GRANT_DENY, BYPASS, SP_HI_LIM, SP_LO_LIM, OUT_HI_LIM, OUT_LO_LIM	-
VIEW_3	PID Block VIEW 3 (access to all dynamic operating parameters)	652	-	D / ro	18 parameters: ST_REV, MODE_BLK, BLOCK_ERR, PV, SP, OUT, IN, CAS_IN, BKCAL_IN, BKCAL_OUT, RCAS_IN, ROUT_IN, RCAS_OUT, ROUT_OUT, TRK_IN_D, TRK_VAL, FF_VAL, ALARM_SUM	-

Parameter Name	Description	Index	Rel- Index	Store/ Access	FF Data Type and Range	Default
VIEW_4	PID Block VIEW 4 (access to static parameters not included in VIEW_2)	653	-	D / ro	31 parameters: ST_REV, STRATEGY, ALERT_KEY, CONTROL_OPTS, STATUS_OPTS, PV_FTIME, SP_RATE_DN, SP_RATE_UP, GAIN, RESET, BAL_TIME, RATE, BKCAL_HYS, SHED_OPT, TRK_SCALE, FF_SCALE, FF_GAIN, ACK_OPTION, ALARM_HYS, HI_HI_PRI, HI_HI_LIM, HI_PRI, HI_LIM, LO_PRI, LO_LIM, LO_LO_PRI, LO_LO_LIM, DV_HI_PRI, DV_HI_LIM, DV_LO_PRI, DV_LO_LIM	-

Note to memory classes S, N, D

There is a EEPROM on each device which will store all the static (S) and non-volatile (N) data. Write accesses to this part are limited because of technical restrictions. Write access cycles are limited to around 100.000. Do not exceed this limit! Otherwise there is no security that data are retained and the functionality of the device is no longer ensured.

Please note that write accesses to static or non-volatile data using acyclic FF communication services (Client - Server, Source - Sink, Peer - Peer) will write to this section. Cyclic communication types (publisher - subscriber) won't write to EEPROM.

Do not write to static or non-volatile parameters permanently!

3.2 AO Function block diagram

The Analog Output function is an enhanced implementation of an AO function block as defined by Foundation Fieldbus in specification FF891-2 (Function Block Application Part 2). All available parameters including the enhanced (manufacturer specific) parameters are described in section 3.1 above.



Note: While first commissioning or after performing a "Restart with Defaults" (see chapter 4.10) please verify that the parameter CHANNEL is set to 1. Otherwise there is no valid link to the Transducer.

After first commissioning the initial status of parameter SP is *BAD*. Writing a value to SP in Block Mode *AUTO* will change the value of SP-status to *GOOD CASCADE*. A *GOOD* SP-status is also required as a pre-condition for a switch from Block Mode *AUTO* to *CAS*, if this is intended.

3.3 PID Function block diagram

The PID function is a standard implementation of a PID function block as defined by Foundation Fieldbus in specification FF891-2 (Function Block Application Part 2).

The functional schematic appears below:



The PID controller uses a standard PID algorithm.

If in doubt about the meaning of a particular parameter, please refer to the parameter description in Chapter 3.1.

Note: While first commissioning or after performing a "Restart with Defaults" please verify that the parameter BYPASS is set to Enabled or Disabled and GAIN is set to a value greater than 0.0. Otherwise executing PID will result in an error.

After first commissioning the initial status of parameter SP is *BAD*. Writing a value to SP in Block Mode *AUTO* will change the value of SP-status to *GOOD CASCADE*. A *GOOD* SP-status is also required as a pre-condition for a switch from Block Mode *AUTO* to *CAS*, if this is intended.



3.4 Transducer block diagram

The Transducer is a Standard Advanced Positioner Valve Basic Access Block with additional manufacturer specific extensions.

The transducer input is the FINAL_VALUE parameter, which is fed by the Analog Output Parameter OUT. The value can be modified using scaling, sealing, characterization and filtering functions. This modified value is the working setpoint for the servo control section.

The actual position is measured using the position sensor input and modified depending on the selected actuator system and mounting type (POSITION_LINEARIZATION parameter). The resulting value is stored in the parameter FINAL_POSITION_VALUE and transferred to the Analog Output parameter READBACK. FINAL_POSITION_VALUE is the actual value for the servo control section.

The servo control function uses a standard PID control algorithm with one set of GAIN, RESET and RATE parameters for valve opening direction and another set (GAIN2, RESET2, RATE2) for valve closing direction. Output of the servo control unit is the current to the final element, which is the I/P-converter module.

Parameter CONTROL_GAP defines the sensitivity of the positioner so that no corrective action is taken if the control difference is less than the defined limit (i.e. defining a deadband where a change of the setpoint doesn't make any sense caused by stiction of a valve).

If another characteristic than *LINEAR* is active, the Analog Output process value (PV) will be recalculated to a linear behavior based on the selected characterization.

3.5 BLK_DATA Parameter

The Block data structure consists of the attributes of a block. The default values are shown in the table below:

Element Name	Values for Resource Block	Values for AO-Block	Values for Transducer Block	Values for PID- Block	
Block Tag	SRD991_RES\$ <fab#></fab#>	SRD991_AO\$ <fab#></fab#>	SRD991_TD\$ <fab#></fab#>	SRD991_PID\$ <fab#></fab#>	
	or SRD960_RES\$ <fab#></fab#>	or SRD960_AO\$ <fab#></fab#>	or SRD960_TD\$ <fab#></fab#>	or SRD960_PID\$ <fab#></fab#>	
DD Character ID	0x80020AF5	0x800201F7	0x80020536	0x800202B0	
DD Item ID	0x80020AF0	0x800201F0	0x80020530	0x800202B9	
DD Revision	2	2	2	2	
Profile	0x133	0x102	0x10D	0x108	
Profile Revision	0x201	0x201	0x201	0x001	
Execution Time	0	3200 [1/32 ms]	0	6400 [1/32 ms]	
Period of Execution	0	32000 [1/32 ms]	0	32000 [1/32 ms]	
Number of Parameters	56	49	100	66	
Next FB to Execute	0	0	0	0	
Starting index of Views	620	630	640	650	
Number of VIEW_3	1	1	1	1	
Number of VIEW_4	1	1	3	1	

Table 7: BLK_DATA structure	•
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<yy/nnnnn> = Fabrication number (for example: 93/123456).

3.6 DIAGNOSIS

The SRD991/SRD960 has several built-in functions to monitor the behavior of the positioner/actuator/ valve system.

- The Resource Block parameter DIAGNOSIS holds actual and historical information about system and process errors.
- Analog Output Block parameters CONTROL_DIFF_LIMIT and CONTROL_DIFF_TIME are configuration parameters, which hold information about when AO Block alarm *Device need maintenance now* will be generated if a control difference between requested transducer final value and actual valve position exceeds the allowed limit for the user-specified time.
- Transducer Block parameters CYCLE_CNT and TRAVEL_SUM count the changes in actuator movement and the number of full stroke movements. Transducer Block parameters CYCLE_CNT_LIMIT and TRAVEL_SUM_LIMIT and TRAVEL_SUM_DEADBAND hold the user-specified limit values, when AO Block alarm *Device need maintenance now* will be generated, if the actual value of CYCLE_CNT or TRAVEL_SUM exceed the configured limit.
- Transducer Block parameter LOW_PRESSURE_LIMIT allows the user to specify a lower limit for supply air, if optional pressure sensors are available. When the pressure is falling below this limit the Resource Block alarm *Device need maintenance now will be generated.*
- Resource Block parameter TARGET_ERROR and Transducer Block parameter TARGET_ERROR give the user information about problems with the fieldbus interface. Please refer to chapter 3.7 for details.

3.6.1 DIAGNOSIS parameter

The actual and historical status can be read in the DIAGNOSIS parameter, which contains six entries of data type bit enumerated.

Entry 1 contains system errors. The individual bits of the status byte are defined below. When the specified condition exists, the status bit will be set to one, otherwise the status bit will be reset to zero. Table 8 describes system errors.

Entry 2 contains additional system errors. The individual bits of the status byte are defined below. When the specified condition exists, the status bit will be set to one, otherwise the status bit will be zero. Table 9 describes additional system errors.

Entry 3 contains process errors. The individual bits of the status byte are defined below. When the specified condition exists, the status bit will be set to one, otherwise the status bit will be zero. Table 10 describes process errors.

Entries 4, 5 and 6 contain historical errors. The meaning of the individual bits of the status bytes is the same as described above.

When the specified condition arises, the corresponding historical status bit will be set to one. Bits, which are set, can be cleared, if the specified condition is no longer active. The only function, which allows clearing a historical status, is performing a RESET HISTORICAL STATUS command - writing any value to Resource Block parameter RESET_HIST_STATUS.

Table	8:	DIAGNOSIS	system	errors
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Bit	Value	DD Text	Explanation	Recommended Action
7	128	Opt err	Option board was not configured or failed.	Check configuration, activate option by writing the desired value to Resource block parameter DEVICE_OPTIONS or replace failed option board.
6	64	Poti err	Connection of potentiometer to electronics board failed.	Replace failed item or positioner.
5	32	IP Loop err	Connection of I/P-converter to electronics board failed.	Replace failed item or positioner.
4	16	Act. OOL	Position is not within permissible range (-5%105%)	Check mechanics of actuator and valve. Perform Short Autostart.
3	8	ADC err	A/D-converter function not controllable.	Replace failed item or positioner.
2	4	EPROM err	Error writing into positioner ROM	Replace failed item or positioner.
1	2	EEPROM err	Error writing into positioner EEPROM	Replace failed item or positioner.
0	1	RAM err	Error writing into positioner RAM	Replace failed item or positioner.

Table 9: DIAGNOSIS additional system errors (system errors2)

Bit	Value	DD Text	Explanation	Recommended Action
7	128	Binin set	Binary Input Channel 1 or 2 is set	Monitor situation or correct cause; check cable joint
6	64	Feedbk Cal err	Feedback unit requires calibration	Perform angle calibration.
5	32	Rsvd	Reserved	None
4	16	CycleCnt Lim	Cycle Count Limit has exceeded limit configured (limit value in TD parameter CYCLE_CNT_LIMIT)	Check valve performance and conduct maintenance if necassary.
3	8	TravSum lim	Travel Sum Limit has exceeded limit configured (limit value in TD parameter TRAVEL_SUM_LIMIT)	Check valve performance and conduct maintenance if necassary.
2	4	Conf invalid	Configuration not valid	Correct configuration, perform Restore Factory Settings, re-run Autostart procedure.
1	2	Temp Lo	Device temperature too low (limit value in TD parameter ELECTRONICS_TEMP_LL)	Operation outside temperature limit may damage positioner components and violate electrical safety certification
0	1	Temp Hi	Device temperature too high (limit value in TD parameter ELECTRONICS_TEMP_UL)	positioner.

Table 10: DIAGNOSIS process errors

Bit	Value	DD Text	Explanation	Recommended Action
7	128	Output press Alm	Output pressure error (plausibility check)	Check mechanics of actuator. Check pneumatics in positioner and replace item or positioner if necessary.
6	64	Air Supply Alm	The supply pressure has fallen below the configured lower limit (value in TD parameter LOW_PRESSURE_LIMIT)	Check to ensure that there is adequate supply pressure.
5	32	Autostart fail	No Autostart was done or Autostart was run and did not complete successfully.	Ensure proper mounting of positioner and adequate supply pressure. Rerun Autostart Calibration procedure. Refer to troubleshooting section of MI EVE 0105A.
4	16	Contr Diff	Difference between requested setpoint and actual position exceeds allowed limit for a user specified time (values in AO parameters CONTR_DIFF_LIMIT and CONTR_DIFF_TIME)	Check to ensure that there is adequate supply pressure. Verify tuning parameters. Refer to troubleshooting section of MI EVE 0105A.
3	8	LoLo Alm	Position below main low alarm setpoint (lower than the value in AO parameter POS_VALVE_LOLO_ALA RM)	Monitor situation or correct cause.
2	4	HiHi Alm	Position above main high alarm setpoint (higher than the value in Analog Output parameter POS_VALVE_HIHI_ALAR M)	Monitor situation or correct cause.
1	2	Lo Alm	Position below warning low alarm setpoint. (lower than the value in AO parameter POS_VALVE_LO_ALARM)	Monitor situation or correct cause.
0	1	Hi Alm	Position above warning high alarm setpoint (higher than the value in AO parameter POS_VALVE_HI_ALARM)	Monitor situation or correct cause.

If more than one error is detected, values will accumulate. For example if position is below warning and main alarm level, process errors will be set to 10, which means bit 3 and bit 1 are set. If Device Description information is used *LoLo Alm* | *Lo Alm* will be reported.

3.7 TARGET_ERROR Parameter

The TARGET_ERROR parameter gives the user a short information about the cause of problems while writing to specific parameters which are write checked against valid ranges or writing is allowed in special block modes only.

Target error reasons are stored in an array of 6 error codes. The uppermost value shows the actual target error value. The remaining values indicate the historical course.

Particulars about error codes are described in the following table:

Code (hex)	Explanation	Description
0000	No error information available	Current block is not running or has reinitialized target error parameter and is updating its status
1000	no errors detected	No errors detected
1001	RB Target Mode is OOS	User has requested Resource Target Mode to switch to Out of Service. In this state the device cannot control the valve. But this mode is required for performing an autostart procedure.
1002	Diagnosis Status is set	Check Resource Block DIAGNOSIS parameter
1003	Device is write locked	Cannot write because the device is write locked. To unlock please change the resource block parameter WRITE_LOCK.
1005	Write EEPROM error	Write error because the device is not able to write to EEPROM.
100A	RB range error	Cannot write to RESOURCE block parameter because the value is out of the defined range. Please check range
100C	RB Mode Check error	Changing the actual Block Mode to the desired target value is not allowed.
100D	RB Alarm Check error	Can not acknowledge alarm because either the wrong value or the wrong subindex should be written
2001	AO Target Mode is OOS	Analog Output Target Mode is Out of Service. In this state the device cannot control the valve. But this mode is required for writing to the following AO block parameters: IO_OPTS, STATUS_OPTS, CHANNEL
2002	CHANNEL link error	AO block is unable to access transducer data. Set AO Block Mode to OOS and write appropriate value (1) to CHANNEL parameter
2003	AO Readback status is bad	Reading parameter READBACK shows a BAD status. Check transducer block settings

Table 11: Resource Block TARGET_ERROR codes

Code (hex)	Explanation	Description
2005	No Autostart done	Set Resource Block Mode to OOS, then set VALVE_ACT and POSITION_LINEARIZATION (Transducer) to the desired values and initiate an Autostart (writing to SELF_CALIB_ CMD parameter or use Autostart method in Transducer Block).
2006	Function block(s) not scheduled	Block(s) not scheduled, please download a schedule.
2007	Cannot switch instrument mode to OFFLINE	Check Transducer Block INST_MODE parameter
2008	Cannot switch instrument mode to ONLINE	Check Transducer Block INST_MODE parameter
2009	Cannot write because of wrong AO block mode	The desired value cannot be written, because the AO target block mode is not in the required state.
200A	AO range error	Cannot write to AO block parameter because the value is out of the defined range. Please check range.
200B	AO access error	Cannot write to AO block parameter because the device access manager has denied that. Please check the value of Transducer parameter INST_MODE; it should be OFFLINE.
200C	AO Block Mode Check error	Changing the actual Block Mode to the desired value in target is not allowed.
200D	AO Block Alarm Check error	Cannot acknowledge alarm because either the wrong value or the wrong subindex should be written.
4001	PID Block CONTROL_OPT parameter BYPASS is not set	The desired value cannot be written, because it is required to set CONTROL_OPT bypass enable first.
4009	Wrong PID block mode	The desired value can not be written, because the PID target block mode is not in the required state
400A	PID range error	Cannot write to PID block parameter because the value is out of the defined range. Please check range.
400C	PID Block Mode Check error	Changing the actual Block Mode to the desired value in target is not allowed.
400D	PID Block Alarm Check error	Cannot acknowledge alarm because either the wrong value or the wrong subindex should be written.

Code (hex)	Explanation	Description
0000	No error information available	Current block is not running or has reinitialized target error parameter and is updating its status
1000	no errors detected	No errors detected
1003	Device is write locked	Cannot write because the device is write locked. To unlock please change the resource block parameter WRITE_LOCK.
3001	Cannot write to transducer parameter FINAL_VALUE	Check Transducer Block INST_MODE parameter; it should be ONLINE.
3005	Wrong TAB_OP_CODE value	Changing values in the custom characteristic curve requires the value for TAB_OP_CODE set to START. Please check TAB_OP_CODE.
3009	TD wrong block mode	The desired value cannot be written, because the target block mode is not in the required state.
300A	TD range error	Cannot write because the value is out of the defined range. Please check range.
300C	TD Block Mode Check error	Changing the actual Block Mode to the desired value in target is not allowed.
300D	TD Block Alarm Check error	Cannot acknowledge alarm because either the wrong value or the wrong subindex should be written.

Table 12: Transducer TARGET_ERROR codes

3.8 GRANT_DENY Parameter

The Grant/Deny parameter is used to allow the operator grant and deny access permissions to sets of function block parameters by other devices.

Table 13: GRANT_DENY structure

Element Number	Element Name	Description	
1	Grant	Set Bit	
		0: Program - A higher level device may change the target mode, setpoint (if the block mode is MAN or AUTO), or output (if block mode is MAN) of the block	
		1: Tune - A higher level device may change the tuning parameters of the block	
		2: Alarm - A higher level device may change the tuning parameters of the block	
		3: Local - A local operator's panel or hand-held device may change the target mode , setpoint (if the block mode is MAN or AUTO), or output (if block mode is MAN) of the block	
2	Deny	Set Bit	
		0: Program Denied 1: Tune Denied 2: Alarm Denied 3: Local Denied- The Program permission item has been turned off - The Tune permission item has been turned off - The Alarm permission item has been turned off - The Local permission item has been turned off	

3.9 IO_OPTS Parameter

The following AO Block options can be configured in the bitstring Parameter IO_OPTS:

Table 14: IO	_OPTS	Parameter
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Bit	Meaning
0 (LSB)	Invert (reserved for DI and DO Blocks)
1	SP-PV Track in MAN
2	Reserved
3	SP-PV Track in LO
4	SP Track retained target
5	Increase to close
6	Fault State to value
7	Use Fault State value on restart
8	Target to MAN if Fault State activated
9	Use PV for BKCAL_OUT
10	Low cutoff (reserved for AI Block)
11	Reserved
12	Reserved
13	Reserved
14	Reserved
15	Reserved

Table legend:

SP-PV Track in MAN target	Permit the setpoint to track the process variable when the
	mode of the block is MAN
SP-PV Track in LO	Permits the setpoint to track the process variable when the actual mode of the block is LO (Local Override)
SP Track retained target	Permits the setpoint to track the RCAS or CAS parameter based on the retained target when the actual mode of the block is LO or MAN.
Increase to close	Indicates whether the output value should be inverted before it is communicated to the I/O channel
Fault State to value	Output action to take when fault occurs (0=freeze, 1 = go to preset value)
Use PV for BKCAL_OUT	BKCAL_OUT and RCAS_OUT values are normally the working SP. When set, PV value will be used after the cascade is closed.

3.10 STATUS_OPTS Parameter

Foundation Fieldbus defines several Status options for all blocks. Please refer to the following table for options available in the SRD991/SRD960 in an AO- and PID-Block:

Table 15: STATUS_OPTS Parameter

Bit	Meaning
0 (LSB)	IFS if BAD IN
1	IFS if BAD CAS_IN
2	Use Uncertain as Good
3	Reserved for AI/DI
4	Propagate Fault Backward
5	Target to MAN if BAD IN

Table legend:

IFS if BAD IN	Available for PID: Set Initiate Fault State status in OUT, if status of IN is BAD.
IFS if BAD CAS_IN	Available for PID: Set Initiate Fault State status in OUT, if status of CAS_IN is BAD.
Use Uncertain as Good	Available for PID: If status of IN is Uncertain, treat it as Good. Otherwise treat is as BAD.
Propagate Fault Backward	Available for AO: If the status from the actuator is Bad, Device failure or Fault State Active or Local Override is active, propagate this as Bad, Device Failure or Good Cascade, Fault State Active or Local Override to BKCAL_OUT respectively without generating an alarm. The user may determine whether alarming (sending of an alert) will be done by the block or propagated upstream for alarming.
Target to MAN if BAD IN	Available for PID: Set target mode to MAN, if status of IN is BAD. This latches PID block in MAN if the input ever goes bad.

3.11 CONTROL_OPTS Parameter

Foundation Fieldbus defines control options for control blocks. The following block options can be configured in the bitstring Parameter CONTROL_OPTS, which is available in the SRD991/SRD960-PID-Block:

Table 16: CONTROL_OPTS Parameter

Bit	Meaning
0 (LSB)	Bypass Enable
1	SP-PV Track in MAN
2	SP-PV Track in ROUT
3	SP-PV Track in LO or IMAN
4	SP Track retained target
5	Direct Acting
6	Reserved
7	Track Enable
8	Track in MAN
9	Use PV for BKCAL_OUT
10	Act on IR (reserved for BG-, PD-, R-
	Blocks)
11	Use BKCAL_OUT with IN_1 (reserved for
	BG- and R-Blocks)
12	Obey SP limits if CAS or RCAS
13	No OUT limits in MAN
14	Reserved
15	Reserved

Table legend:

Bypass Enable	If true, allows BYPASS to be set
SP-PV Track in MAN	Permits the setpoint to track the process variable when the target mode of the block is MAN
SP-PV Track in ROUT	Permits the setpoint to track the process variable when the target mode of the block is ROUT
SP-PV Track in LO or IMAN	Permits the setpoint to track the process variable when the actual mode of the block is LO (Local Override) or IMAN
SP Track retained target	Permits the setpoint to track the RCAS or CAS parameter based on the retained target when the actual mode of the block is IMAN, LO, MAN or ROUT
Direct Acting	When selected, an increase in PV results in an increase in the output
Track Enable	Enables external tracking function. If true, TRK_VAL will replace OUT if TRK_IN_D becomes true and target mode is not MAN
Track in MAN	Enables TRK_VAL to replace OUT when target mode is MAN and TRK_IN_D is true. The actual mode will then be LO.

Use PV for BKCAL_OUT	BKCAL_OUT and RCAS_OUT values are normally the working SP. When set, PV value will be used after the cascade is closed.
Obey SP limits if CAS or RCAS	Normally setpoint will not be restricted. If set setpoint will be restricted to the absolute limits in CAS and RCAS modes.
No OUT limits in MAN	If set, OUT_HI_LIM or OUT_LO_LIM will not be applied when target and actual modes are MAN.

3.12 SHED_OPT Parameter

This parameter may be used to configure the desired behavior when shedding. It determines the actual shed mode when the setpoint or output is not updated within a time-out limit in the remote-cascade mode or remote-output mode (remote-out is not available for an AO-Block).

The shed option is available in the SRD991/SRD960 AO- and PID-Block and has the following enumerations:

Table 17: Shed_opt parameter

Value	Meaning
0	Un-defined, invalid
1	Normal shed, normal return
2	Normal shed, no return
3	Shed to AUTO, normal return
4	Shed to AUTO, no return
5	Shed to MAN, normal return
6	Shed to MAN, no return
7	Shed to retained target, normal return
8	Shed to retained target, no return (change
	target to retained target)

3.13 Write Checks

Foundation Fieldbus has defined some restrictions for changing values of writable Block Parameters.

Valid ranges for several parameters and the required Block Mode to allow a change of the value of a parameter is specified. The valid range is described in the Parameters table above (see chapter 3.1). The lowest priority target mode required to modify parameters is listed in the table below.

Index	Parameter Name	Required Block Mode to modify parameter	
328	SP	AO-Block target mode: AUTO	
329	OUT	AO-Block target mode: MAN	
331	PV_SCALE	AO-Block target mode: MAN	
332	XD_SCALE	AO-Block target mode: MAN	
334	IO_OPTS	AO-Block target mode: OOS	
335	STATUS_OPTS	AO-Block target mode: OOS	
342	CHANNEL	AO-Block target mode: OOS	
385	FINAL_VALUE_CUTOFF_HI	Transducer Block target mode: OOS	
386	FINAL_VALUE_CUTOFF_LO	Transducer Block target mode: OOS	
388	SERVO_GAIN	Transducer Block target mode: OOS	
389	SERVO_RESET	Transducer Block target mode: OOS	
390	SERVO_RATE	Transducer Block target mode: OOS	
391	ACT_FAIL_ACTION	Transducer Block target mode: OOS	
399	XD_CAL_LOC	Transducer Block target mode: OOS	
400	XD_CAL_DATE	Transducer Block target mode: OOS	
401	XD_CAL_WHO	Transducer Block target mode: OOS	
438	SELF_CALIB_CMD	Resource Block target mode: OOS	
498	SP	PID-Block target mode: AUTO	
499	OUT	PID-Block target mode: MAN	
500	PV_SCALE	PID-Block target mode: OOS	
501	OUT_SCALE	PID-Block target mode: OOS	
503	CONTROL_OPTS	PID-Block target mode: OOS	
504	STATUS_OPTS	PID-Block target mode: OOS	
507	BYPASS	PID-Block target mode: MAN	
527	TRK_SCALE	PID-Block target mode: OOS	
531	FF_SCALE	PID-Block target mode: OOS	

 Table 18: Block Mode write checklist

4 COMMON TASKS

4.1 Setting Input Characterization

What kind of ACTUATOR ACTION do you want to use?

Direct-acting -> Do not set Bit 5 (Increase to close) of Analog Output Parameter IO_OPTS (default).

Reverse-acting -> Set Bit 5 (Increase to close) of Analog Output Parameter IO_OPTS.

Choose LINEARIZATION TYPE:

Select Linear, Equal Percentage (1:50), Quick Open (50:1), or Custom in the Transducer Block parameter LIN_TYPE.

If you want to download a custom characteristic curve, you can use a method in the Transducer Block, which is called *Select characteristic curve*. Please read the documentation of the host system, how to use methods.

You can select one of characteristics described above, but you have the option to download a custom characteristic additionally. If you select another type than *Custom*, LIN_TYPE will be set to the selected value and returns with the message "*characterization is written*".

If another linearization type than **Linear** is selected, the value of the AO-Block parameter READBACK differs from PV. READBACK will show the actual valve position, PV will hold the back-calculated value (re-calculated to a linear behavior) determined by the chosen characteristic curve.

4.1.1 Download a custom characteristic curve

There is a Method called "*Select characteristic curve*", which guides you through the procedure. If you use NI-FBUS Configurator System, this Method is available in the Transducer Block task line.

This method allows you to enter a curve consisting of up to 22 variates (X-Y pairs). The X-value represents the value of the input signal in engineering unit percent (%), the Y-value represents the desired valve position in engineering unit percent (%) for the particular X-value.

Please refer to the following step-by-step description for downloading a custom characteristic:

Select *<Methods>* and then *<Select characteristic curve>*. The Method prompts you as follows:

You can select one out of the characterization tables following below. If you want to change a custom characteristic curve, please verify first, that the device resource block mode is "OUT OF SERVICE":

- o Equal percentage 1:50
- o Quick opening
- o Custom specific
- o Cancel

If you select <*Custom specific*>, the prompt is as follows for the default configuration:

You have selected custom specific characteristic curve. The current truth table stored in the device is:

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Array index X-Value Y-Value

0	0.0	0.0
1	100.0	100.0

Do you want to change this characteristic curve?

o Yes o No

If you select <*No*>, the Method informs you that the displayed characteristic is selected in the device and closes:

Custom specific characterization, which is already present in the device, is selected.

If you select < Yes>, you will be asked to enter the desired number of sampling points.

Please enter number of pair of variates (Min = 2, Max = 22):

If you have entered an invalid value, the Method displays the following information and aborts:

Illegal value <value> for number of pairs of variates, please try again. Method aborting...

If the input is valid, the Method goes into a loop and prompts you to enter the setpoint value (X-value) and the desired valve position accordingly for a specific entry. The engineering unit is percent. Index numbering starts with 0 and increments until the entered value minus 1 is reached. The Method expects monotonically increasing sampling values.

Enter X-value for index <index> (0.00 to 100.00): Enter Y-value for index <index> (0.00 to 100.00):

If an input is invalid, you have to start all over again. The Method informs you about it and aborts:

Invalid value <value>; has to be within 0.00 and 100.00%. Please start again with entering a characteristic curve. Method aborting...

If the last expected entry is entered, the Method displays the whole table and asks for confirmation (X- and Y-values to exemplify only, desired number of sampling points in this example is 10):

This is the truth table, which will be stored in the device:

Array index	X-Value	Y-Value
0	0.0	0.0
1	5.6	10.4
2	15.1	25.3
3	25.0	40.2
4	35.8	56.7
5	46.2	70.3
6	57.5	85.9
7	68.3	95.1
8	75.0	100.0
9	100.0	100.0
10	0.0	0.0
11	0.0	0.0
12	0.0	0.0
13	0.0	0.0
14	0.0	0.0
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15	0.0	0.0
16	0.0	0.0
17	0.0	0.0
18	0.0	0.0
19	0.0	0.0
20	0.0	0.0
21	0.0	0.0

Do you want to write this characteristic to the device?

o Yes

o No

o Cancel

If you select < Yes>, the values will be written to the device. If no transmission error occurs or additional checks in the device will not fail, the custom specific characteristic is downloaded successfully and the Method is completed.

Custom specific characterization is written.

If an error occurs, the Method will terminate with one of the following messages:

Characteristic curve not initialized. Please try again.

Entered value pairs are not monotonously increasing - please try again.

Number of pair of variates and entered value pairs do not match. Too many values - please try again.

If you select <No> or <Cancel>, none of the entered value will be written to the device. The characteristic already remaining will be activated and the Method is completed.

You have cancelled downloading a new custom characteristic. The characterization, which was already stored in the device, is active.

4.2 Setting Control Parameters

In case of non-satisfactory results of the Autostart function you can change control parameters in the Analog Output and Transducer Block. Prior to change some of these values, please check the following:

- Is increasing / decreasing travel rate within expected range? Check ACT_STROKE_TIME_DEC and ACT_STROKE_TIME_INC parameter of Transducer Block. If it is out of range, check mechanics of actuator and valve.
- Is there sufficient supply pressure? Read SENSOR1_VALUE of Analog Output Block, if internal
 pressure sensors are available.

When there is no error in mechanics you can try to change the control behavior by changing the values of the following parameters:

Analog Output Parameter

SP_RATE_UP	ramp rate for upward setpoint changes in PV units per second $(0 = use setpoint immediately with no ramp delay).$
SP_RATE_DOWN	ramp rate for upward setpoint changes in PV units per second (0 = use setpoint immediately with no ramp delay).
Transducer Parameter	
SERVO_GAIN	Enter the desired proportional gain value for valve opening direction.
SERVO_RESET	Enter the desired integral value for valve opening direction.
SERVO_RATE	Enter the desired differential value for valve opening direction.
SERVO_GAIN2	Enter the desired proportional gain value for valve closing direction.
SERVO_RESET2	Enter the desired integral value for valve closing direction.
SERVO_RATE2	Enter the desired differential value for valve closing direction.
CONTROL_GAP	Control gap defines the sensitivity of the positioner so that no corrective action is taken if the control difference is less than the defined limit.
TRAV_INC_LIM	Choose a value in seconds for a desired minimum T63 percent time limit for increasing full span travel ($0 = no$ delay).
TRAV_DEC_LIM	Choose a value in seconds for a desired minimum T63 percent time limit for decreasing full span travel ($0 = no delay$).

4.3 Test Settings

If you want to use the positioner local keys you can select menu 8 (Output) and step through setpoint changes in 12.5 % increments/decrements.

When using a Fieldbus Configurator like NI-FBUS-Configurator System you should follow the instructions below:

- Verify that the value of the Analog Output Block parameter CHANNEL is 1. Writing to this parameter is only allowed if Analog Output Block target mode is in Block mode OUT OF SERVICE.
- Set Analog Output Block Parameter SP_RATE_UP and SP_RATE_DOWN to zero, if the setpoint should be used immediately with no delay.
- Switch Resource Block Mode parameter to AUTO.
- Switch Analog Output Block Mode to AUTO.
- Switch Transducer Block Mode to AUTO.
- Set the Analog Output parameter Setpoint (SP) to the desired values.

If the step response is not as expected during observation, the control parameters can be adapted manually. Please refer to the Control Parameters section 4.2 for details.

4.4 Setting Travel Limits

The SRD991 provides the following parameters in the Transducer block to set travel limits:

•	FINAL_VALUE_RANGE	There are two data elements in this data structure to enter travel limits in percent of total stroke. The value in EU AT 100% determines the upper travel stop and the value in EU AT 0% determines the lower travel stop.
•	FINAL_VALUE_CUTOFF_HI	If FINAL_VALUE is more positive than this value, the valve is forced to is set maximum high value (fully opened)
•	FINAL_VALUE_CUTOFF_LO	If FINAL_VALUE is more negative than this value, the valve is forced to is set minimum low value (fully closed)
•	CUTOFF_HYSTERESIS	Enter the amount of hysteresis in percent of travel required above the cutoff low value and below the cutoff high value respectively, before the valve can re-open or re-close again. For example: 2% cutoff low with 0.5% cutoff hysteresis allows the valve to reopen at 2.5%.

As well it is possible to limit the value of the setpoint parameter SP using the Analog Output Block parameter SP_HI_LIM and SP_LO_LIM.

4.5 Diagnostic Options

The SRD991/SRD960 has several built-in diagnostic capabilities to inform the user about current and historical error conditions. They are summarized in 6 diagnostic Bytes and mapped to BLOCK_ERR status in Resource Block, Analog Output Block or Transducer Block and Alarm Sub-codes in Transducer Block parameter XD_ERROR. When XD_ERROR is set, the Transducer Block BLOCK_ERR status will be set to OTHER. The diagnostic status information is available by reading the Resource Block parameter DIAGNOSIS. A description of all status bits can be found in chapter 3.6.

BLOCK_ERR is a bitstring parameter defined by FF. Error conditions will be reflected (0=inactive, 1=active) in the bitstring as follows:

Table 19: BLOCI	K_ERR codes
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Bit	Meaning
0 (LSB)	Other
1	Block Configuration Error
2	Link Configuration Error
3	Simulate Active
4	Local Override
5	Device Fault State Set
6	Device Needs Maintenance Soon
7	Input Failure / process variable has BAD status
8	Output Failure
9	Memory Failure
10	Lost Static Data
11	Lost Non-volatile Data
12	Readback Check Failed
13	Device Needs Maintenance Now
14	Power-up
15	Out-of-Service

XD_ERROR is an unsigned8 enumerated parameter with the following list of valid values:

Value	Meaning	
16	Unspecified Error	
17	General Error	
18	Calibration Error	
19	Configuration Error	
20	Electronics Error	
21	Mechanical Failure	
22	I/O Failure	
23	Data Integrity Error	
24	Software Error	
25	Algorithm Error	

Table 20: XD_ERROR codes

The mapping of Resource Block parameter DIAGNOSIS status to BLOCK_ERR and XD_ERROR status is described in the table on next page.

Table 21: BLOCK_ERR/XD_ERROR mapping list

Diagnosis Status	BLOCK_ERR (in Resource or AO-Block)	XD_ERROR (Transducer)	
Option board was not configured or failed.	Other in Resource Block	-	
Connection of potentiometer to electronics board failed.	-	Electronics Error	
Connection of I/P-converter to electronics board failed.	-	Electronics Error	
Position is not within permissible range (-5%105%)	-	Mechanical Error	
A/D-converter function error	-	Electronics Error	
Error writing into positioner ROM	Memory Error in Resource Block	-	
Error writing into positioner EEPROM	Memory Error in Resource Block	-	
Error writing into positioner RAM	Memory Error in Resource Block	-	
Binary Input Channel 1 or 2 is set	Other in AO-Block	-	
Feedback unit requires calibration	Readback check failed in Resource Block	Calibration Error	
Cycle Count Limit has exceeded limit configured	Device needs maintenance now in AO-Block	-	
Travel Sum Limit has exceeded limit configured	Device needs maintenance now in AO-Block	-	
Configuration not valid	-	Configuration Error	
Device temperature too low	Device needs maintenance now in Resource Block	Electronics Error	
Device temperature too high	Device needs maintenance now in Resource Block	Electronics Error	
Output pressure error	Device needs maintenance now in Resource Block	Mechanical Error	
The supply pressure has fallen below the configured lower limit	Device needs maintenance now in Resource Block	Mechanical Error	
No Autostart was done or Autostart was run and did not complete successfully.	Device needs maintenance now in Resource Block	Calibration Error	
Difference between requested setpoint and actual position exceeds allowed limit for a user specified time.	Other in AO-Block	-	
Position below main low alarm setpoint.	Other in AO-Block	-	
Position above main high alarm setpoint.	Other in AO-Block	-	
Position below warning low alarm setpoint.	Other in AO-Block	-	
Position above warning high alarm setpoint.	Other in AO-Block	-	

If the actual value of cycle counter or travel sum has reached 95 percent of the configured cycle count limit or travel sum limit the AO-Block BLOCK_ERR parameter will be set to "Device needs main-tenance soon".

4.6 Configure Binary Input Option

The Binary Input option features two independent binary inputs with internal supply for connection of sensors. A connected switch is loaded with 3.5 V and 0.15 mA.

If the binary input option board is installed by the manufacturer, the Resource Block Parameter DEVICE_OPTIONS is set to the correct value. If a binary input option will be installed after shipping, you have to check the value of DEVICE_OPTIONS and activate this option by setting the matching Bit in this parameter.

Using the Analog Output Block parameter BININ_CONF, you can configure an active signal to activate an alarm status and force the actuator to go to 0% or 100% or hold last value.

Set Bit	Value	DD Text	Explanation
0	1	In1->0%	Position will change to 0 %, when binary input channel 1 is set (switch open)
1	2	In2->100%	Position will change to 100 %, when binary input channel 2 is set (switch open)
0 and 1	3	In1->0% In2->100%	Hold last written value, if switches 1 and 2 are open.
2	4	Enb diag In1	Status BINARY_INPUT_SET will be set in DIAGNOSIS, when binary input channel 1 is set
3	8	Enb diag In2	Status BINARY_INPUT_SET will be set in DIAGNOSIS, when binary input channel 2 is set

Table 22: Binary Input Parameter

The actual binary input status can be read in the Analog Output Parameter BININ_STAT.

Set Bit	Value	DD Text	Explanation	
0	1	In1 act	Binary input channel 1 is set to its active state	
1	2	In2 act	Binary input channel 2 is set to its active state	
0 and 1	3	In1 act In2 act	Binary input channels 1 and 2 are set to its active state	
7	128	Setp forced	Setpoint is forced by an active binary input	

 Table 23: Binary Input Status Parameter

If binary input 1 is set, the read value will be 129 (*In1 act | Setp forced*). If binary input 2 is set, the read value will be 130 (*In2 act | Setp forced*). If binary inputs 1 and 2 are set, the read value will be 131 (*In1 act | In2 act | Setp forced*).

4.7 Configure Binary Output Option

The Binary Output option enables you to define which alarm status activates the binary outputs.

There are two independent binary output channels available, when a binary output option board is connected to the main electronics. Please refer to Master Instruction MI EVE0105 A-(en) for further details of how to connect electrically.

If the binary output option board is installed by the manufacturer, the Resource Block Parameter DEVICE_OPTIONS is set to the correct value. If a binary output option will be installed after shipping, you have to check the value of DEVICE_OPTIONS and activate this option by setting the matching Bit in this parameter.

Set Bit	Value	DD Text	Explanation
0	1	hi alarm	Switch to active state in case of first (warning) position high alarm status (position is higher than the value in Analog Output parameter POS_VALVE_HI_ALARM)
1	2	lo alarm	Switch to active state in case of first (warning) position low alarm status (position is lower than the value in Analog Output parameter POS_VALVE_LO_ALARM)
2	4	hihi alarm	Switch to active state in case of main position high alarm status (position is higher than the value in Analog Output parameter POS_VALVE_HIHI_ALARM)
3	8	lolo alarm	Switch to active state in case of main position low alarm status (position is lower than the value in Analog Output parameter POS_VALVE_LOLO_ALARM)
7	128	inverted alarm	Invert active state of alarm

Table 24: Binary Output Parameter

Using the Analog Output Block Parameters BINOUT1_CONFIG and BINOUT2_CONFIG, you can configure the desired active states for each output channel. You can choose the polarity for the active state: Bit7 = 0 means active high level, Bit 7 = 1 means active low level.

4.8 Configure Pressure Sensors

The SRD991 can be ordered with two built-in pressure sensors, SRD960 is available with three built-in pressure sensors. Because they are part of the main board, the electronics has to be exchanged for conversion to this option. Refer to Master Instruction MI EVE0105 A-(en) for details.

The pressure sensor option is installed by the manufacturer, therefore the Resource Block Parameter DEVICE_OPTIONS is set to the correct value.

No additional configuration is needed. The user can choose the engineering unit for displaying the actual measured sensor values. The values of Analog Output Block parameter SENSOR1_VALUE (supply pressure) or SENSOR2_VALUE (output pressure Y1) will be shown in the engineering unit set

in Analog Output Block parameter SENSOR1_UNITS and SENSOR2_UNITS. SENSOR3_VALUE and SENSOR3_UNITS are valid for SRD960 only.

4.9 Setting Fault State Parameters

The following AO block parameters determine the behavior of the device for fault state in Block Mode Cascade:

FSTATE_TIME, FSTATE_VALUE and IO_OPTS.

FSTATE_TIME contains the time in seconds from detection of remote setpoint fault to output action if this condition still exists.

FSTATE_VALUE contains the preset analog setpoint value to use when fault occurs.

IO_OPTS offers the user several opportunities to configure the device in case of fault state condition or restart with FSTATE_VAL. Please refer to chapter 3.9 for details.

4.10 Restart the Device

Fieldbus offers several levels of Restart functions, which can be initiated by choosing the desired function in the Resource Block Parameter RESTART.

- Restart Resource: Performing a Restart Resource has no effect on the SRD991/SRD960.
- Restart Processor: Performing a Restart Processor has the same effect as hitting the reset button on the device or power-cycle the device.
- Restart with Defaults: Performing a Restart with Defaults will reset all configurable function block application objects to their initialized state. It will also clear all configured Trend and Link Objects. A restart of the processor will be performed automatically after re-initialization has been done.

CAUTION - When you do a "Defaults" RESTART command in the Resource Block, the configured parameters will automatically default to the values predetermined by the Foundation, which are NOT the same as the factory defaults. The Defaults RESTART should only be used when the configuration in the valve positioner has been incorrect and the user cannot fix the problem by using the troubleshooting information. In all cases, try cycling the power to the valve positioner first. Then go back to the block with the problem and try to write the changes to the valve positioner. If that does not clear the problem, proceed with the Default RESTART procedure.

If you want to run a Restart with Factory Defaults, you can use the local keys on the device. Select Menu 9 (Calibrate functions for workshop) and choose entry 1 (resetting of configuration to "ex-factory"). If in doubt how to use the local keys, please refer to Master Instruction MI EVE0105 D-(en).

If you use National Instruments NIFBUS-Configurator System you can access RESTART in the following way:

Open the Resource Block and put it in the OOS mode.

In the Process tab, make sure the MODE_BLK • ACTUAL reads OOS.

In the Options tab, open the RESTART box and select one of the following:

- Un-initialized do not use.
- Run this is the default setting, the nominal state when not restarting.
- Resource do not use. This selection has no effect on the positioner.
- Defaults Sets the parameters to the Foundation defaults. This will reset all configurable function block application objects. It will also clear all configured Trend and Link Objects. Network and system management data are not changed.
- Processor does a warm restart of CPU and has the same effect as cycling the power (OFF/ON) to the positioner.
- 1. Click on the Write Changes button.
- 2. Put the Resource Block back into AUTO mode (the RESTART selection will automatically default to the Run position).

3. If you performed a "Defaults" RESTART, reconfigure the appropriate function blocks, link object and trends.

Note: There is a Restart function in the National configuration software and it is the equivalent to a Processor Restart mentioned above.

4.11 Maintenance and trouble-shooting

Maintaining and trouble-shooting information provides Master Instruction MI EVE0105 A-(en).

Additional descriptions can be found about diagnostic functions in chapter 3.6, fieldbus communication status in chapter 3.7 and 3.13 and alarming in chapter 4.5.

5 CONFIGURATION PROCEDURE USING A FIELDBUS HOST

Note: These instructions assume the following:

- a) You are using the National Instruments Fieldbus Configurator System Software (NI-FBUS).
- b) You are familiar with the NI software and have loaded the DD's.
- c) The NI-FBUS software is running "Online" and connected to a functional valve positioner.
- d) If you cannot find any parameter in the tab mentioned, do a right mouse click anywhere on the block window and select "Customize Parameters". Check the box for the parameter you need. When you click again on the window, that parameter will be added to that window. When you go to close out that window, you will be prompted to save your customization. Click on Yes.
- e) The following procedure covers 98% of all typical installations. For complex or advanced situations, the user will have to reconfigure other parameters for their application.
- f) The FoxCAE Configurator in a Foxboro I/A Series System is similar to the National Configurator software. If you are attaching the valve positioner to an I/A System, please refer to B0400FD for specific details on parameter configuration limitations.
- 1. The valve position must be completely mounted to the valve. Also, the air supply and power from the fieldbus power supply must be activated. Connect the fieldbus wiring to the OUTPUT terminals. The valve positioner is polarity independent, so it cannot be wired backwards (no plus/minus labels). Refer to MI EVE0105 D for instructions.
- 2. The factory default for the DEV_TAG parameter has been factory defaulted to a unique value, such as "SRD991\$16/010020". The user may reconfigure this tag, but it must be unique. Right click on the Device and select Set Tag. Type in a new tag name/number. Make sure the Set to OOS block is checked. Click on OK.
- 3. The factory default for the DEV_ADD (Device Address) parameter has been factory defaulted to a number, such as "29(0x1d)". The user may reconfigure this address, but it must be a unique value. Right click on the Device and select Set Address. Use the up and down arrows to select a new address or type in a unique value. Make sure the Set to OOS block is checked. Click on OK.

CAUTION – The DEV_ADD address of multiple valve positioners from Foxboro and or other devices from other manufacturers can be identical. Care must be taken to make sure the address is not duplicated in another Fieldbus device on the same wiring segment.

4. If you do not see the Transducer block on the NI-FBUS screen, click on the Show/Hide Transducers & Device ID's icon on the menu bar. The icon has a capital letter T with a red X. The factory default for the BLOCK_TAG parameter in the Transducer Block has been assigned a unique value, such as "SRD991_TD\$16/010020". The user may reconfigure this tag, but it must be unique. Right click on the Transducer Block and select Set Tag. Type in a new name/number. Make sure the Set to OOS block is checked. Click on OK.

- 5. The factory default for the BLOCK_TAG parameter in the Resource Block has been assigned a unique device ID, such as "SRD991_RES\$16/010020". The user may reconfigure this tag, but it must be unique. Right click on the Resource Block and select Set Tag. Type in a new name/number. Make sure the Set to OOS block is checked. Click on OK.
- 6. The factory default for the BLOCK_TAG parameter in the Analog Output Block has beenassigned a unique tag, such as "SRD991_AO\$16/010020". The user may reconfigure this tag, but it must be unique. Right click on the AO block and select Set Tag. Type in a new tag identification. Make sure the Set to OOS block is checked. Click on OK.
- 7. Open the **Resource Block**. Click on the OOS box to put the block Out Of Service. Make sure that in the Process tab that the MODE_BLK ACTUAL value reads OOS.
- 8. Open the **Transducer Block.** Click on the OOS box to put the block Out Of Service. Make sure that in the Process tab that the MODE_BLK ACTUAL value reads OOS.
- **9.** In the Others Tab, make sure the VALVE_ACT parameter is set to the proper type of actuator on the valve. From the drop down box, set to single-acting (factory default) or double-acting.
- **10.** Review the POSITION_LINEARIZATION parameter. It should be set as follows:

Actuator Type	POSITION_LINEARIZATION (See Note)
Linear (sliding stem or stroke)	stroke left mounted (factory default)
	or
	stroke right mounted
Rotary	rotary opening counterclockwise
	or
	rotary opening clockwise

Note: When viewing the front face of the positioner.

- 11. The TRAVEL_POS_UNITS should be set based upon the POSITION_LINEARIZATION parameter. If set to Stroke, the TRAVEL_POS_UNITS should be set to either mm or inch. If set to rotary, the TRAVEL_POS_UNITS should be set to degree. Although this parameter does not need to be configured for proper operation, it is used by many other parameters, especially in regards to diagnostics. Therefore, we strongly recommend it is configured properly.
- **12.** Click on the Write Changes button at the bottom of the page to download the changes to the valve positioner.
- **13.** The valve positioner is now ready to perform an AUTOSTART. The AUTOSTART procedure will automatically set 13 different parameters, by stroking the valve numerous times from 0 to 100% of travel. Select "Autostart" from the drop down box in the SELF_CALIB_CMD parameter.

CAUTION: The AUTOSTART opens and closes the valve and will override the existing setpoint. Do not initiate an AUTOSTART with the valve holding process pressure or fluid. The AUTOSTART procedure may take several minutes to complete.

14. Click on the Write Changes button at the bottom of the Transducer Block page, which will initiate the AUTOSTART procedure. Directly under the SELF_CALIB_CMD parameter is a read-only parameter called STAT_AUTOINIT. Once the value of STAT_AUTOINIT returns to zero (0), the Autostart is completed. If the value of STAT_AUTOINIT displays a value of 1, there was an error during the procedure. Refer to MI EVE0105D for information on troubleshooting. Fix the problem. Do another Autostart.

The AUTOSTART automatically sets the values for the following parameters:

Parameter Name	Block	Tab
ACT_STROKE_TIME_INC (Read-Only Parameter)	Transducer	Other
ACT_STROKE_TIME_DEC (Read-Only Parameter)	Transducer	Other
ADC_GAIN (Do <u>NOT</u> change)	Transducer	Other
MOTOR_PAR (Do <u>NOT</u> change)	Transducer	Other
SPRING_ACT	Transducer	Other
SERVO_GAIN	Transducer	Other
SERVO_GAIN2	Transducer	Other
SERVO_RATE	Transducer	Other
SERVO_RATE2	Transducer	Other
SERVO_RESET	Transducer	Other
SERVO_RESET2	Transducer	Other
STAT_AUTOINIT	Transducer	Other
POWER_UP_ACTION (Read-Only Parameter)	Transducer	Other

Note: A <u>short</u> autostart should be used when a diagnostic error is displayed, or if the actuator/valve/positioner was mechanically disconnected for adjustments, or replacement after an autostart had been performed.

15. The FINAL_VALUE_RANGE sub-parameters are factory defaulted to:

100
0
% (Do <u>NOT</u> change) 1

These parameters are normally left at the factory defaults, unless there is a reason why you do not want the valve to fully open or fully close. For example, if the valve was attached to the suction side of a compressor, you can configure the EU_0 to a value such as 10. This would not allow the positioner to close the valve any less than 10 percent of its total travel, thereby protecting the compressor

- **16.** The FINAL_VALUE_CUTOFF_LO is factory defaulted to 0 (percent). If the FINAL_VALUE (requested valve position) is lower than the value in this parameter, the valve is forced to its minimum low value (fully closed). This is similar to the low flow cutoff in a flow transmitter. If this parameter were set to 5, then whenever the set point to the positioner was less than 5 percent, the valve would be forced fully closed.
- **17.** The FINAL_VALUE_CUTOFF_HI is factory defaulted to 100 (percent). If the FINAL_VALUE (requested valve position) is higher than the value in this parameter, the valve is forced to its maximum high value (fully open).
- **18.** The CUTOFF_HYSTERESIS is used in conjunction with the FINAL_VALUE_CUTOFF parameters in the previous steps. Increasing the value will increase the hysteresis. For example, if the FINAL_VALUE_CUTOFF_LO parameter were set to 10%, then the valve would be completely closed for any input that was below 10% of scale. If the CUTOFF_HYSTERESIS were set to 1%, then the set point input would have to be 11% to start opening the valve. The factory default is 0.005%.
- **19.** The LINEARIZATION_TYPE parameter is used for characterizing the setpoint. The default is linear, with additional choice of Equal Percentage (1:50), Quick Open or Customer Specific.
- **20.** The CONTROL_DIFF_TIME value (default = 60 seconds) is used by the CONTROL_DIFF_LIMIT parameter in the next step.
- 21. The CONTROL_DIFF_LIMIT parameter is defaulted to 5%. If the control difference (set point vs valve position) is greater than this value in percent, for the period of time entered into the CONTROL_DIFF_TIME parameter, the CONTROL_DIFF_LIMIT status will be set in the DIAGNOSIS parameter. For example, using the default settings, if the control difference exceeds 5% for more than 60 seconds, a status bit will be set in the DIAGNOSIS parameter in the Others tab of the Resource Block.
- 22. The TRAVEL_SPAN parameter must be set to the stroke of the actuator (in mm or inches for linear). If the POSITION_LINEARIZATION parameter is set for rotary, the TRAVEL_SPAN must be set to Degrees.
- **23.** Click on the Write Changes button at the bottom of the page to download the changes to the valve positioner.
- 24. Set the Target Mode in the **Transducer** block to Auto. Make sure that in the Process tab that the MODE_BLK ACTUAL value reads Auto. If the block does not change to Auto, go to the Troubleshooting section. Fix problem and close the Transducer Block window.
- 25. Open Analog Output Block and click on the OOS box to put the valve positioner Out Of Service. Make sure that in the Process tab that the MODE_BLK ACTUAL value reads OOS. Ignore this step if the ACTUAL mode reads OOS.
- **26.** In the Process tab, make sure the CHANNEL parameter is set to 1.

27. In the Scaling tab, set the XD_SCALE parameters to the same values used in the FINAL_VALUE_RANGE parameters in the Transducer Block. The factory default values are

EU_100	100
EU_0	0
UNITS_INDEX	%
DECIMAL	1

28. The factory default values for the PV_SCALE parameters are:

EU_100	100
EU_0	0
UNITS_INDEX	%
DECIMAL	1

These values should NOT be changed.

- **29.** In the Limits tab, the SP_RATE_UP (default = 1.#INF) and the SP_RATE_DOWN (default = 1.#INF) determine the ramp rates for setpoint changes in PV units per second when the AO block is in Auto mode. If these parameters are set to zero, or the AO block is in a mode other than Auto, the setpoint change will be used immediately. These parameters affect the ramp rate in both testing and normal operation.
- **30.** The SP_LO_LIM (default = 0) determines the lowest setpoint (SP, CAS_IN or RCAS_IN) that can be used by the block. Please note that the FINAL_VALUE_RANGE EU_0 parameter set in step #15 limits the minimum setpoint value during normal operation.
- **31.** The SP_HI_LIM (default = 100) determines the highest setpoint (SP, CAS_IN or RCAS_IN) that can be used by the block. Please note that the FINAL_VALUE_RANGE EU_100 parameter set in step #15 limits the maximum setpoint value during normal operation.
- **32.** Click on the Write Changes button at the bottom of the page to download the changes to the valve positioner. Now click on the AUTO button. The MODE_BLK ACTUAL in the Process tab should change to Auto, and the OUT value on the Process tab should display a good value.

If the OUT value is not correct you may have to schedule the device with your configurator software as follows:

- > Double click on the Function Block Application to open a new window
- Drag the AO block to the middle window. You can now configure the outputs of the AO blocks and assign them if necessary.
- > Click on the Download Project icon and answer questions.
- Check the OUT value of the AO blocks. If good, basic configuration completed.

If the block does not change to Auto, go to the BLOCK_ERR parameter in the Diagnostics tab to see what is wrong. An explanation of the BLOCK_ERR is described in the Troubleshooting section. Fix problem and make sure that in the Process tab that the MODE_BLK • ACTUAL value reads Auto. Close out the "configured" Analog Output Block window.

33. The *basic* configuration of the positioner is now complete. **The valve response to an input setpoint change should be tested at this time.** Valve response can be observed by changing the SP_VALUE parameter in the Process tab of the Analog Output block. Refer to section 4.3 for details.

34. Please go to the next section to review or change the "Optional Parameters" which in most applications do not need to be re-configured from the factory default. Some parameters are used for customizing the application in regards to testing, alarms, failsafe actions, normal behavior and other such functions. Other parameters are only used for storing information and the data is not checked or processed by any of the blocks.

Note: After reviewing the "Optional Parameters" section, proceed with the "Optional Features" section if the actuator is equipped with any optional features.

5.1 Optional Parameter Configuration

- **35.** Open the Transducer Block, Resource Block and Analog Output block and click on the OOS box to put the blocks Out Of Service. Make sure that in the Process tab that the MODE_BLK ACTUAL value reads OOS.
- **36.** In the Diagnostic or Process tab of the Transducer Block, Resource Block and Analog Output block, the factory default for the MODE_BLK NORMAL parameter is Auto. If for some reason you want the valve positioner to start in the Out Of Service mode, or other selection when power is first applied, set the parameters in all three blocks to the desired action.
- **37.** In the Options tab of the Transducer Block, Resource Block and Analog Output block, the ALERT_KEY parameter (default = 0) can be set to any number between 1 and 255 to be used by the host system as an identification number for sorting alarms, etc.
- **38.** In the Options tab of the Transducer Block, Resource Block and Analog Output block, the STRATEGY parameter (default = 0) can be set to a number between 0 and 32767 for identifying grouping of blocks.
- **39.** In the Others tab of the Resource block, review the ALARM_SUM DISABLED parameter. There are a wide variety of selections in the drop down box, such as Disc Alm Disabled, HiHi Alm Disabled, etc. The factory default is that all alarms will have a check mark, which disables all "Fieldbus Alarms". If the host control system supports Fieldbus Alarms, remove the check marks to the appropriate alarms to make them active, and the set the appropriate alarm limits. The "Fieldbus Alarms" are different, and they have no effect on the alarming and diagnostic capabilities built into the positioner and mentioned in this configuration procedure.
- **40.** In the Process tab of the Transducer Block, Resource Block and Analog Output block, the parameter TAG_DESC can be used for identification of the application. For example "Valve for Controlling Drum #2 Level". Type in the information desired.
- 41. Open the **Transducer Block.** In the Other tab, there are some parameters to identify the actuator and the valve. Review or change any information in the following parameters:

ACT_MAN_ID, ACT_MODEL_NUM, ACT_SN VALVE_MAN_ID, VALVE_MODEL_NUM, VALVE_SN VALVE_TYPE

42. There are 3 parameters that can be filled out in regards to the calibration of the positioner. The XD_CAL_WHO parameter can be filled in with the name of the person who did the last calibration (i.e. John Smith, etc). The XD_CAL_LOC parameter can be used to identify the location of the last calibration. The XD_CAL_DATE can signify the date of the last calibration.

- **43.** The TRAVEL_DEC_LIM parameter represents the fastest one time constant response (63.2%) for a decreasing full span travel and is factory defaulted at 0.4 seconds. You can set this to zero for a very fast responding actuator. Or you could increase the value to make the response slower. This parameter may be changed if the valve testing in step #34 was unsatisfactory (refer to section 4.3 for details).
- **44.** The TRAVEL_INC_LIM parameter represents the fastest one time constant response (63.2%) for an increasing full span travel and is factory defaulted at 0.4 seconds. You can set this to zero for a very fast responding actuator. Or you could increase the value to make the response slower. This parameter may be changed if the valve testing in step #34 was unsatisfactory (refer to section 4.3 for details).
- **45.** The CYCLE_COUNT_LIMIT is defaulted to 90 million. If the valve manufacturer publishes a suggested maintenance interval based upon a cycle value, use that value. When the actual value of the cycle counter has reached 95% of the configured CYCLE_COUNT_LIMIT, the AO-Block BLOCK_ERR parameter will be set to "Device needs maintenance soon". When the actual cycle count exceeds this value, a status bit (CYCLECNT_LIM) will be set in the DIAGNOSIS parameter.
- **46.** The TRAVEL_SUM_DEADBAND parameter (default = 1%) is used to eliminate very small movements of the valve (hunting) from the summarized travel value. With the default of 1%, any valve movement less than 1% of the total stroke will not be counted in the summarized travel value.
- **47.** The TRAVEL_SUM_LIMIT is defaulted to 90 million. If the valve manufacturer publishes a suggested maintenance interval based upon totalized stem travel, use that value. When the actual value of the cycle counter has reached 95% of the configured TRAVEL_SUM_LIMIT, the AO-Block BLOCK_ERR parameter will be set to "Device needs maintenance soon". When the actual travel exceeds this value, the TRAVEL_SUM_LIMIT status bit will be set in the DIAGNOSIS parameter in the Others tab of the Resource Block.
- **48.** The ACT_FAIL_ACTION parameter can be configured based upon the failsafe action for the actuator. This parameter is for information only and has no effect on the positioner or actuator during any fault or failure. The choices are:

Self-closing Self-opening Hold on last good value Maximum value Minimum value Uninitialized (Fieldbus default – do not use) Indeterminate (Factory Default)

49. Click on the Write Changes button at the bottom of the page to download the changes to the valve positioner. Now click on the AUTO button. The MODE_BLK • ACTUAL in the Process tab should change to Auto. Make sure that in the Process tab that the MODE_BLK • ACTUAL value reads Auto. If the block does not change to Auto, go to the Troubleshooting

section. Fix problem and close the **Transducer Block** window.

- **50.** Open the **Resource Block**. In the others tab, you can enter up to 32 characters in the MESSAGE parameters (MESSAGE_1 to MESSAGE_5). These messages are just for information purposes only, and are not used in a diagnostic message.
- **51.** In the Alarms tab, the CONFIRM_TIME parameter (default = 640000 millisecond) is the amount of time the resource will wait for confirmation of receipt of a report before trying again.

- **52.** In the Others tab, the CYCLE_SEL parameter (default = Scheduled and Block Execution) selects the block execution method. Add or remove a check mark to the applicable selections of Scheduled, Block Execution and/or Manuf Specific.
- **53.** The FEATURES_SEL parameter allows the user to chose what resource block options are used. The defaults are Reports, Faultstate, Soft W Lock and Out Readback. Add or remove a check mark to the applicable selections.
- **54.** The LOCAL_OP_ENA parameter can be set to prevent anyone from reconfiguring the positioner database using the local keys on the positioner. The default is local operation enabled. Select local operation disabled if you want to disable the local keys.
- **55.** The WRITE_LOCK parameter can be set to prevent anyone from reconfiguring the positioner database using the local keys on the positioner and from any remote configurator. The default is unlocked which allows full reconfiguration capability from any and all configurators. If the value is set to locked, the only command the device will accept is to unlock that parameter. If the WRITE_LOCK parameter is set to Locked, an alert will be generated when the parameter is changed back to unlocked.
- **56.** Click on the Write Changes button at the bottom of the page to download the changes to the valve positioner. Now click on the AUTO button. The MODE_BLK ACTUAL in the Process tab should change to Auto. If the block does not change to Auto, go to the Troubleshooting

section. Fix problem and close the **Resource Block** window.

- **57.** Open the **Analog Output Block**. Click on the OOS box to put the block Out Of Service. Make sure that in the Process tab that the MODE_BLK ACTUAL value reads OOS. Ignore this step if the ACTUAL mode reads OOS.
- **58.** In the Others tab, there are four parameters that determine what valve position will set a status bit in the DIAGNOSIS parameter in the Others tab of the Resource Block. The four parameters, the allowable range and the factory defaults are:

Parameter	Allowable Range	Factory Default
POS_VALVE_LOLO_ALARM	<u>+</u> INF	-10
POS_VALVE_LO_ALARM	<u>+</u> INF	-10
POS_VALVE_HI_ALARM	<u>+</u> INF	110
POS_VALVE_HIHI_ALARM	<u>+</u> INF	110

With the factory defaults set beyond the valve position limits (FINAL_VALUE_RANGE), this will result in NO error messages about the valve position status in the DIAGNOSIS parameter in the Resource Block.

- **59.** In the Options tab, set the STATUS_OPTS parameter to the desired option by adding a check mark in the appropriate box. Refer to Chapter 3.10 for a description of the options. The factory default is no check marks.
- **60.** The IO_OPTS parameter allows options to alter the input and output block processing. Refer to Chapter 3.9 for details. The factory default is there are NO checkmarks. Note only one option is currently defined by the Foundation for an Analog Output block, and that is Propagate Fault Backwards.

61. Click on the Write Changes button at the bottom of the page to download the changes to the valve positioner. Now click on the AUTO button. The MODE_BLK • ACTUAL in the Process tab should change to Auto. If the block does not change to Auto, go to the Troubleshooting

section. Fix problem, set block to Auto, and close the **Analog Output Block** window.

- **62.** If you do not have any optional feature on the positioner, proceed to the next step. If you do have optional feature(s), skip the next step and proceed to the Optional Features Configuration section below.
- **63.** If necessary, adjust the execution times of the primary Link Active Scheduler (LAS). The valve positioner can be used as the primary or back-up LAS for the wiring segment. Also, define the links between the blocks on the wiring segment. Refer to the host configurator software for details. Configuration is completed, unless there are "Optional Features" included in the positioner.

5.2 Optional Features Configuration

The "Optional Features Configuration" must be completed if the actuator is equipped with any of the following options:

- Inductive Limit Switch (Note 1)
- Two Pressure Sensors (Note 2)
- Position Feedback 4-20 mA and One Binary Alarm Output (Note 3)
- Two Binary Inputs (Note 3)
- Two Binary Outputs (Note 3)

Notes:

- 1) The inductive limit switch option is external to the positioner and has no effect on configuration parameters and does not limit the amount of other options internal to the positioner.
- 2) The Two Pressure Sensor option is available with or without any of the other options.
- 3) Only one of these options per positioner (only the Binary Inputs, or only the Binary Outputs or only the Pos Feedback).

5.2.1 Position Feedback 4-20 mA and Alarm

The position feedback option regulates a 4 to 20 mA signal on a separate pair of wires for use as an input to another device. User must provide separate power to the pair of wires between 8 and 48 V (lower power for hazardous areas). The 0 and 100% value positions (stroke of valve) will generate a linear 4 to 20 mA signal.

In addition to the 4 to 20 mA signal, this option also includes one binary output channel for external alarming over another pair of wires. When the positioner activates certain error messages in the DIAGNOSIS parameter, the binary output channel will also be activated. Refer to the Binary Output section for configuration.

- 64. Open the **Resource Block**. Click on the OOS box to put the block Out Of Service. Make sure that in the Process tab that the MODE_BLK • ACTUAL value reads OOS.
- **65.** In the Others tab, the DEVICE_OPTIONS parameter has a drop down box listing the following choices:

X	pos ret	
	press	
	binin	
	binout	
	sens	(Do not select - reserved for future options)

Make sure there is a check mark next to the <u>pos ret</u> selection. Do not remove any check marks for the other optional features.

- 66. Click on the Write Changes button at the bottom of the page to download the changes to the valve positioner. Now click on the AUTO button. The MODE_BLK ACTUAL in the Process tab should change to Auto. If the block does not change to Auto, go to the Troubleshooting section. Fix problem and close the **Resource Block** window.
- 67. If you want to configure the one binary output, skip down to Step #74

5.2.2 Two Binary Inputs

The Binary Inputs option is used to override the valve position based upon the activation of one or two external user-supplied switches wired separately to the positioner. When the switch is closed, the voltage in the pair of wires will be approximately 3.5 Volts DC, and there will be a current flow of approximately 0.15 mA. User should select correct switches for this application. The option card supplies the power and the switches control the current flow.

68. Open the **Resource Block**. Click on the OOS box to put the block Out Of Service. Make sure that in the Process tab that the MODE_BLK • ACTUAL value reads OOS. **69.** In the Others tab, the DEVICE_OPTIONS parameter has a drop down box listing the following choices:

	pos ret	
	press	
X	binin	
	binout	
	sens	(Do not select - reserved for future options)

Make sure there is a check mark next to the <u>binin</u> selection. Do not remove any check marks for the other optional features.

70. Click on the Write Changes button at the bottom of the page to download the changes to the valve positioner. Now click on the AUTO button. The MODE_BLK • ACTUAL in the Process tab should change to Auto. If the block does not change to Auto, go to the Troubleshooting

section. Fix problem and close the **Resource Block** window.

- 71. Open the Analog Output Block. Click on the OOS box to put the block Out Of Service. Make sure that in the Process tab that the MODE_BLK ACTUAL value reads OOS.
- **72.** In the Others tab, the BININ_CONF parameter configures an active signal to force the actuator to go to 0% or 100% and/or activate an alarm status.

This option will override the configuration of the valve and actuator parameters. Based upon the condition of the switches, the **positioner** will react as follows:

Input 1	Input 2	Positioner Action	BININ_CONF
Closed	Closed	IN SERVICE (normal operation)	
Open (Active)	Closed	Forces Valve to 0%, if $ ightarrow$	check mark on <u>In1->0%</u> box
Closed	Open (Active)	Forces Valve to 100%, if \rightarrow	check mark on <u>In2->100%</u> box
Open (Active)	Open (Active)	Holds on Last Good Value	

CAUTION: If the closing or opening limits are set by changing the FINAL_VALUE_RANGE parameters to values above 0% or below 100%, the actuator will force the valve fully open or closed by the action of the Binary Inputs.

Based upon the condition of the switches, an Analog Output Block alarm with sub-code OTHER can be generated as follows:

Input 1	Input 2	Alarm Generated	BININ_CONF
Closed	Closed	No	
Open (Active)	Closed	Yes, if	check mark on <u>Enb diag In1</u> box
Closed	Open (Active)	Yes, if \rightarrow	check mark on <u>Enb diag In2</u> box
Open (Active)	Open (Active)	Yes, if→	check mark on Enb diag In1 or Enb diag In2 box

73. Click on the Write Changes button at the bottom of the page to download the changes to the valve positioner. Now click on the AUTO button. The MODE_BLK • ACTUAL in the Process tab should change to Auto. If the block does not change to Auto, go to the Troubleshooting section. Fix problem, set block to Auto, and close the **Analog Output Block**

section. Fix problem, set block to Auto, and close the Analog Output DIOCK window.

5.2.3 Two Binary Outputs

There are two galvanically isolated binary output channels for external alarming over two separate pairs of wires based on the configurable limits of the measured valve position. When the positioner activates certain error messages in the DIAGNOSIS parameter, the binary output channel will also be activated. This option is usually called the "solid state programmable limit switches".

The user has to provide an external supply with 8 to 48 VDC. A current below 50 μ A means the positioner is defective, lower than 1 mA means the valve position is below the configured limit and a current greater than 2.2 mA means the valve position is above configured limit.

You can configure these limits by configuring the Transducer Block parameters

POS_VALVE_LOLO_ALARM POS_VALVE_LO_ALARM POS_VALVE_HIHI_ALARM POS_VALVE_HI_ALARM

The values of BINOUT1_CONFIG and BINOUT2_CONFIG determine which one of these limits will be responsible for activating a binary output.

74. Open the **Resource Block**. Click on the OOS box to put the block Out Of Service. Make sure that in the Process tab that the MODE_BLK • ACTUAL value reads OOS. **75.** In the Others tab, the DEVICE_OPTIONS parameter has a drop down box listing the following choices:

	pos ret	
	press	
	binin	
X	binout	
	sens	(Do not select - reserved for future options)

Make sure there is a check mark next to the <u>binout</u> selection. Do not remove any check marks for the other optional features.

76. Click on the Write Changes button at the bottom of the page to download the changes to the valve positioner. Now click on the AUTO button. The MODE_BLK • ACTUAL in the Process tab should change to Auto. If the block does not change to Auto, go to the Troubleshooting

section. Fix problem and close the **Resource Block** window.

- 77. Open the **Transducer Block**. Click on the OOS box to put the block Out Of Service. Make sure that in the Process tab that the MODE_BLK ACTUAL value reads OOS.
- **78.** In the Others tab, the BINOUT1_CONFIG and BINOUT2_CONFIG parameters have a drop down box with the following choices:
 - hi alarm
 - 🔲 lo alarm
 - hihi alarm



inverted alarm

Select one choice of alarming for each parameter (BINOUT1_CONFIG and BINOUT2_CONFIG) as follows:

Selecting *hi alarm* in BINOUT1_CONFIG means that the value of POS_VALVE_HI_ALARM (first warning) is the configured limit for binary output1.

Selecting *hihi alarm* in BINOUT1_CONFIG means that the value of POS_VALVE_HI_HI_ALARM (main alarm) is the configured limit for binary output1.

Selecting *lo alarm* in BINOUT1_CONFIG means that the value of POS_VALVE_LO_ALARM (first warning) is the configured limit for binary output1.

Selecting *lolo alarm* in BINOUT1_CONFIG means that the value of POS_VALVE_LO_LO_ALARM (main alarm) is the configured limit for binary output1.

The option *inverted alarm* switches the active signal (i.e. valve position above configured limits will lead to a current lower than 1 mA, valve position below limit will lead to a current above 2.2 mA).

- **79.** Based upon the selections in the previous step, configure the appropriate POS_VALVE_xxyy_ALARM parameter(s) to the desired limits required to activate the binary output(s).
- 80. Click on the Write Changes button at the bottom of the page to download the changes to the valve positioner. Now click on the AUTO button. The MODE_BLK ACTUAL in the Process tab should change to Auto. If the block does not change to Auto, go to the Troubleshooting section. Fix problem and close the **Transducer Block** window.
- 5.2.4 Two Pressure Sensors for SRD991 / Three Pressure Sensors for SRD960

The pressure sensor option consists of two or three pressure sensors. One sensor measures the supply pressure, and the second sensor measures the pressure applied to the actuator. The third measures the second output to the actuator. If the supply pressure falls below a configurable limit, a message will appear in the DIAGNOSIS parameter.

- 81. Open the **Resource Block**. Click on the OOS box to put the block Out Of Service. Make sure that in the Process tab that the MODE_BLK • ACTUAL value reads OOS.
- **82.** In the Others tab, the DEVICE_OPTIONS parameter has a drop down box listing the following choices:

	pos ret	
X	press	
	binin	
	binout	
	sens	(Do not select - reserved for future options)

Make sure there is a check mark next to the <u>press</u> selection. Do not remove any check marks for the other optional features.

- **83.** Click on the Write Changes button at the bottom of the page to download the changes to the valve positioner. Now click on the AUTO button. The MODE_BLK ACTUAL in the Process tab should change to Auto. If the block does not change to Auto, go to the Troubleshooting section. Fix problem and close the **Resource Block** window.
- 84. Open the Analog Output Block. Click on the OOS box to put the block Out Of Service. Make sure that in the Process tab that the MODE_BLK ACTUAL value reads OOS.
- **85.** In the Others tab, set the SENSOR1_UNITS and SENSOR2_UNITS and SENSOR3_UNITS parameters for the EGU's for the pressure sensors (kPa, Bar or psi). All available sensors

should be set to the same EGU to eliminate confusion. The actual pressure being measured by the pressure sensors are displayed in the SENSOR1_VALUE and SENSOR2_VALUE and SENSOR3_VALUE parameters. Sensor #1 is the supply pressure, Sensor #2 is output Y1 and sensor #3 is output Y2.

86. Click on the Write Changes button at the bottom of the page to download the changes to the valve positioner. Now click on the AUTO button. The MODE_BLK • ACTUAL in the Process tab should change to Auto. If the block does not change to Auto, go to the Troubleshooting

section. Fix problem, set block to Auto, and close the Analog Output Block window.

- 87. Open the **Transducer Block**. Click on the OOS box to put the block Out Of Service. Make sure that in the Process tab that the MODE BLK ACTUAL value reads OOS.
- **88.** In the Others tab, if sensor #1 (supply pressure) falls below the LOW_PRESSURE_LIMIT value, the PRESS TOO LOW status bit will be set in the DIAGNOSOIS parameter in the Others tab of the Resource Block. Most users set the limit to a pressure at or slightly above the pressure required to stroke the actuator fully open (actuator spring rate value). The factory default is -0.5 Bar to insure that no diagnostic bits are set initially.
- **89.** Click on the Write Changes button at the bottom of the page to download the changes to the valve positioner. Now click on the AUTO button. The MODE_BLK ACTUAL in the Process tab should change to Auto. If the block does not change to Auto, go to the Troubleshooting

section. Fix problem and close the **Transducer Block** window.

6 REFERENCE DOCUMENTS

[Ref. 1]	Foundation Specification System Architecture FF-800
[Ref. 2]	Foundation Specification Communication Profile FF-940
[Ref. 3]	Foundation Specification System Management FF-880
[Ref. 4]	Foundation Specification Network Management FF-801
[Ref. 5]	Foundation Specification Fieldbus Message Specification FF-870
[Ref. 6]	Foundation Specification Fieldbus Access Sublayer FF-875
[Ref. 7]	Foundation Specification Data Link Services Subset FF-821
[Ref. 8]	Foundation Specification Data Link Protocol Specification FF-822
[Ref. 9]	Foundation Specification Function Block Application Process Part 1 + 2 FF-890 + FF-891
[Ref. 10]	Foundation Specification Transducer Block Application Process Part 1 + 2 FF-902 + FF-903
[Ref. 11]	PC20 Master Instruction MI 020-495
[Ref. 12]	SRD991 Intelligent Positioner Master Instruction MI EVE0105 A-(en)